

Gibson
NATIONAL FACTORY FOR
AIR CONDITIONERS
They Last...
RIVADH: 4039295
4039278
4039284
JEDDAH: 22774
DAMMAM: 8324113
TELEX: 201184
FIVE YEARS WARRANTY
TFO

weekend edition
SABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY
Arab news
Publishers: **saudi research and marketing company**

ROLACO
Cement - Steel
Equipment
Contracting
TEL JEDDAH 6654109-6604701
DAMMAM 8323868 RIVADH 4767236

VOL. V NO. 334

THURSDAY-FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2-3, 1980 JEDDAH DHUL QIDAH 23-24, 1400 A.H.

SIXTEEN PAGES — TWO RIYALS

West calls for same IMF role

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (R) — The industrial powers are insisting that the International Monetary Fund's basic role should not be changed despite harsh criticism from the Third World.

In a stinging attack Tuesday at the annual meeting of the IMF and World Bank, Tanzanian Finance Minister Amir Jamal complained about conditions such as tight credit policies which the fund often imposes on member states in return for loans.

"To ask these developing countries to set their house in order before any significant help can be given makes a kind of abstract sense, but what kind of sense is it when the thatched roof of that house is catching fire and the floods or blizzards are deluging in at the same time?" he said.

But later Japan, a major power in the IMF, expressed strong opposition to calls for fundamental changes. The United States, another prominent member, was expected to make its views known Wednesday.

Japanese Finance Minister Michio Watanabe conceded that the developing countries should play a bigger part in recycling the enormous surpluses of oil revenues.

But he told reporters there should be no changes in the basic character of the agency, set up by the Western powers in 1944. The industrial countries have the most power in the IMF and the World Bank because of the larger sums they contribute, and they argue that the battle against inflation should remain the world's top economic priority.

IMF managing director Jacques de Larosiere told the opening meeting that the developing countries and the rich ones had to exercise monetary and fiscal restraint in order to contain inflation. But the Tanzanian minister asked whether such adjustments would not mean the abandonment by the poorer countries of such basic needs as food, shelter and health.

The plight of the developing nations was underlined in an emotional parting address by World Bank President Robert McNamara, who retires next June after 12 years.

He said official development aid from rich countries had not increased during 1977-79, and he accused the Soviet Union and Western countries, including the United States and Britain, of contributing too little.

President Carter, who also spoke at the meeting, warned delegates against allowing "extraneous political disputes" to interfere with the work of the IMF and World Bank. He appeared to be referring to the controversy over whether the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) should be permitted to attend the meeting, but he did not mention the PLO by name.

Arab countries had wanted the PLO to be present as an observer but the United States blocked this.

Informed sources said yesterday the Arab nations had proposed that a committee of IMF-World Bank governors be formed to look into the question of observers at the annual meetings.



Robert McNamara

U.S. pledge for Israel irks Europe

Washington Bureau

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 1 — European diplomats attending the United Nations General Assembly session in New York are "disappointed about President Carter's strong pledge to oppose any attempt to expel Israel from the international body."

Carter, in an address Monday to the ladies garment workers union in New York, vowed that the U.S. would oppose any measure calling for the expulsion of Israel from the U.N.

Several Arab and Third World states are threatening to challenge Israel's credentials in the ongoing General Assembly session that got under way last week.

No specific motion calling for Israel's expulsion has been introduced.

Meanwhile, Syria has called for sanctions against Israel and suspension of its U.N. membership.

Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam told 35th session of the General Assembly it was most pressing to re-examine Israel's membership because Israel not only rejected the U.N. resolutions, but also defied them and persisted in its defiance.

The minister said the assembly must assume responsibility because the U.S. had succeeded in paralyzing the Security Council through the abuse of its right to veto.

As one European diplomat explained the situation to the *Asharq Al-Awsat* — Arab News, Carter's strong pledge to back Israel means that the "United States has publicly said the Security Council can't implement its decision."

The diplomat was referring to the Nov. 15 deadline set at an emergency assembly session in July for Israel to abandon its settlements in the occupied West Bank.

The Security Council has chosen the same date for Secretary General Kurt Waldheim to report on the effects of another resolution insisting that Israel repeal its new law formalizing its annexation of East Jerusalem and making the "united" city its capital.

This deadline, which comes almost two weeks after the American presidential election on Nov. 4, puts pressure on the European Nations to take more aggressive measures on their own Middle East initiative, the diplomat explained.

Khomeini spurns U.N. call Straits will stay open, Iran says

TEHRAN, Oct. 1 (Agencies) — Iran Wednesday formally assured the world that it has no intention of blockading the vital Straits of Hormuz, at the mouth of the Gulf, as part of its war effort against Iraq.

"The government of the Islamic Republic of Iran in full view of its international obligations wishes to assure the international community that Iran shall not hesitate in any effort to keep this waterway in full operation," an official statement said.

But meanwhile, Iran's revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini rallied his nation and rejected yet again any accommodation with Iraq in a speech aimed at boosting the country's morale.

He also told Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim of the United Nations that Iran would not stop fighting until Iraq withdrew its troops, leaving the Security Council to decide on fresh steps to restore peace in the Gulf.

The statement on the strategic straits was carried by the official pars news agency. It charged that several governments, under the pretext of concern over the possible closure of the straits, were considering "interference in the region of the Gulf."

It added: "Despite our current relationship with the hostile government or governments of the area, the government of the Islamic Republic of Iran guarantees to do its share to keep this waterway open."

Iran has repeatedly warned its Gulf neighbors of retaliation if they backed Iraq in the nine-day-old conflict. The threats had raised concern that Iran would seek to close the Hormuz Straits through which more than a quarter of the world's oil is moved in the event of the conflict with Iraq widening.

In other developments, Pakistani President Zia ul-Haq was due in New York Wednesday after being rebuffed by Iran during an Islamic goodwill mission to Tehran and Baghdad. Pakistani sources said he would probably address a meeting late Wednesday of the members of the Islamic conference, which last Friday asked him to undertake the mission, together with the 40-nation group's secretary-general, Habib Chatu of Tunisia.

Khomeini, making his first broadcast in four days, Tuesday night said: "We cannot compromise with corrupt elements, we will fight them to the end," adding "fighting makes you forget your tiredness and makes you active."

"We will advance with the weapon of faith and crush all of them. We are obliged to stop them," he said. He said these first days of war had proved the Iranian forces were still strong, then went on to attack leftist groups, saying: "Those people who claim to be people's fedayeen (his name for leftists) ... there is no sign of them now that Iran is against the Ba'athist Party of Iraq."

Diplomats said members of the Security Council would probably consult privately on their own next move, with a view to an early meeting of the 15-nation body. When next the council convenes it will be under the presidency of Ambassador Oleg Troyanovsky of the Soviet Union, who took over Wednesday from Taieb Slim of Tunisia under the monthly rotation system.

U.S. Secretary of state Edmund Muskie met Iraqi Foreign Minister Saddam Hussein Tuesday and afterwards called for an end to the fighting between the two Gulf neighbors and for negotiations without pre-

conditions.

Hammadi, who came to New York to put his country's case before the council, said he told Muskie that the U.S. should not interfere in the conflict and avoid the risk of involvement by others.

Only time would tell whether Wednesday's conversation would contribute to a cessation of hostilities, Muskie said. The two men agreed they "ought to communicate from time to time on issues," he disclosed.

Asked whether he would meet Iranian representatives, Muskie said that they had been informed Wednesday that he was available for talks. Iran's most senior diplomat in the U.S. at present is the Charge d'affaires of its U.N. mission, Jamal Shemirani.

Meanwhile, Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev Tuesday called on Iraq and Iran to settle their differences at the negotiating table. Speaking at a Kremlin dinner for visiting Indian President Sanjiva Reddy, Brezhnev avoided referring to the United States by name but made it clear he saw Washington as the prime beneficiary of the Gulf war.

"Neither Iraq nor Iran will gain anything

from mutual destruction, bloodshed and the undermining of each other's economy. It is only the third side, to which the interests of the peoples of that region are alien, which stands to gain," he said.

The Soviet leader said it was hardly credible that the war between Iran and Iraq was just a tragic misunderstanding.

"No, some people are obviously trying to turn that conflict to their own advantage," Brezhnev said. "You may ask who they are."

The Soviet leader's remarks, following the line of Soviet press comments on the fighting, betrayed no hint of any tilt towards either side. He referred to Iran and Iraq as "neighboring countries friendly towards the Soviet Union." Iran has complained that despite Soviet professions of neutrality the Kremlin is in fact favoring Iraq because it is supplying it with arms.

And a special envoy of Iranian Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Rajai flew to Vienna Tuesday to brief Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kriesky on the conflict, the Iranian embassy in Bonn said.



MEETING: Prince Sultan, minister of defense and aviation met with the U.S. Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Gen. David Jones during the latter's visit to the Kingdom Tuesday.

Kingdom requests, receives advanced U.S. radar planes

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (Agencies) — Four advanced U.S. radar warning and command planes were on their way to Saudi Arabia Wednesday in response to a request for help strengthening air defenses in the Kingdom. They were requested by the Saudi Arabian government.

U.S. officials said the decision to send the Airborne Warning and Control System (AWACS) planes followed a weekend of discussions between the two governments including talks with air force Gen. David Jones, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, who was in Saudi Arabia.

They said the unarmed, radar-crammed planes would give the Saudi air force warning of any attack on its oil installations, which are the major source of U.S. imported petroleum. Iran has been bombing Iraqi oil facilities in retaliation for air and ground attacks from that country and has threatened military action against any Gulf country that aids Iraq in the current conflict.

In announcing the AWACS deployment, one official stressed that the move did not mean the United States was taking sides in the Iran-Iraq war.

"The United States government unequivocally reaffirms its position of neutrality," he said, adding that Washington favors the soonest possible ending of hostilities in the Gulf region.

American defense officials said the sending of the radar planes was decided upon in response to a request which Saudi Arabia formally made to the United States on Monday. That request followed several days of

intensive consultations.

The AWACS planes, which are modified versions of Boeing-707 jets, are intended to help upgrade Saudi Arabia's air defense capabilities — particularly in detecting any possible low-level attack. According to defense officials, the U.S. planes are able to detect low-flying aircraft as far as 250 nautical miles away.

Pentagon officials said the four AWACS planes will be flying only within Saudi air space. They declined to specify the location of the ground facilities which Saudi Arabia is providing for the U.S. planes.

The Pentagon officials said they expected the AWACS planes would remain in Saudi Arabia until the Gulf military situation has stabilized. They said the duration of the AWACS deployment would be worked out in consultation with the Saudi Arabian government.

Meanwhile, in Mobile, Ala., Zbigniew Brzezinski, U.S. President Jimmy Carter's national security adviser, said Tuesday that the United States has "prepositioned" equipment for possible use by "American forces" in the Middle East, but he did not mention use of ground troops.

He said "substantial" U.S. naval air forces are already within reach of the vital Strait of Hormuz oil shipping channel.

"If the flow of the vital source of energy to the economies of Western Europe and the Far East is interrupted or placed under the control of an adversary power, then there will have taken place a fundamental tipping of the balance of global power," he said.

Kurds launch attack in north

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AP) — Autonomy-seeking Kurds in northern Iraq have launched a new offensive, hitting Iraqi forces there while Baghdad's army is fighting the war against Iran in the south, a Kurdish spokesman claimed here Wednesday.

Azez Shwan, who said he was European spokesman for the Kurdish democratic party, said that since the Iran-Iraq war erupted 10 days ago, Kurdish guerrillas have shot down two Iraqi helicopters, and ambushed military convoys and outposts, killing 29 Iraqi soldiers.

"The party leadership has ordered the Peshmerga (guerrilla) forces under its command to move on the offensive against Iraqi troops during this period," Shwan, currently

in London, said in a telephone interview.

He said the information received from Kurdish sources in Iraq covered a six-day period from Sept. 23 — the day after the undeclared war between the two Middle East nations broke out — to last Tuesday.

Shwan said there was evidence that some Iraqi units have been moved from the northern, Kurdish populated provinces and diverted to the fighting in the south, but said he had no specific estimates of troop movements.

"Some units have departed, but by no means all," he commented. "Patrolling is heavy and there has been heavy fighting. We're stepping up our attacks."

Ceasefire rejected, Baghdad bombarded

BAGHDAD, Oct. 1 (Agencies) — Iranian jets responded to ceasefire proposals by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein by bombing Baghdad and four other Iraqi towns as international efforts to end the 10-day old war pressed on.

Iranian Phantom fighter-bombers struck close to a small nuclear reactor on the outskirts of Baghdad Tuesday and scored a direct hit on a power station, sending a huge plume of smoke towering over the capital. Diplomatic sources said the experimental nuclear reactor was not hit in the attack, though nearby buildings were damaged. They said there was no danger of an atomic radiation leak.

The Iraqis said they struck back hard. In fighting round the southern, provincial capital of Ahwaz, heart of Iran's oil wealth, Iraqi jets hammered enemy forces, a helicopter landing sight and an ammunition dump, according to the Iraqi high command.

The report indicated that the Iraqis had not fully secured control of Ahwaz. Earlier, Hussein said that as his troops were inside the city and several other key southwest Iranian towns, the Iraqi military had achieved its objectives.

Eleven people were killed and dozens of other wounded by burns when three Iranian Phantoms screamed low over Baghdad to attack the Dora power station, hospital sources said. It was the first Iranian raid on

the capital for three days and appeared to be a response to Hussein's call for an end to hostilities, but only on his conditions.

The northern oil town of Kirkuk, as well as the industrial centers of Mosul, Erbil and Tikrit, were also bombed by the Iraqis. The air strikes coincided with the visit here of Pakistani President Zia ul-Haq, who is heading a mediation bid to end the war on behalf of the Islamic states. He later left for New York.

The Iraqis were still meeting resistance inside the city of Ahwaz, according to an Iraqi military officer, just as they were elsewhere in Iran's Khuzestan province. The officer, who refused to give his name or unit, said the Iraqis probably would seize complete control of Ahwaz in the next day or two.

The trip by reporters with the officer to the outskirts of Ahwaz appeared to confirm what many observers had suspected for days — that despite repeated claims of victories and captures of important towns by the Iraqis, the Iranian defenders were holding out doggedly.

Ahwaz is 50 miles east of the Iraq-Iran border and 70 miles north of the Shatt Al-Arab where some of the war's heaviest fighting has been taking place outside the Iranian cities of Khorramshahr and Abadan. The three Khuzestan cities are believed to be the prime objectives of the current Iraqi offensive.

Continued on back page

وادي القمر
قريباً جداً إن شاء الله
انتم علمت سرور
هدية الغيرة
بقدر
الدراسات
الفنية
والسرور يتم الوعد من مكان
الاضواء وتم ترميم احتفادها
من قنصلية الميناء والتجديد
مكان وتاريخ الفينغ في
كافة مدن المملكة وخاصة
مع تقيت سقايت
هذه : اصحاب المرافق في ربيع بادرة
وقالنا كسر خوارق العادات برون خير

Why more and more people save with Lombard in the Isle of Man

14% p.a.

For two or three year Fixed Time Deposits. Interest paid annually.

Your money will earn an attractive rate of interest with safety for your capital when you deposit with Lombard Bank Isle of Man Limited.

Choose the scheme that suits your needs. Our three types of deposit facility provide a choice of terms to meet your personal needs.

Notice Deposit
£500 minimum deposit to which you may add funds at any time and make withdrawals after an agreed notice period. The interest that you will earn is paid or credited half-yearly.

Fixed Time Deposit
£1000 minimum deposit with a fixed period of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years at a rate of interest which is fixed for that period. The interest is paid annually.

Regular Income Deposits
£1000 minimum. This plan enables you to receive an interest cheque every month, or quarterly, or twice-yearly. Funds are deposited for a fixed period of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years at a fixed rate of interest for the period.

Lombard Bank Isle of Man Limited is a member of the National Westminster Bank Group whose capital and reserves exceed £1,500,000,000.

To find out more about our Deposit facilities and current interest rates fill in and post the coupon today.

To Lombard Bank Isle of Man Ltd., Dept. X800, Athol Court, 41 Athol St., Douglas, Isle of Man, British Isles.
BRANCHES AT RAMSEY AND CASTLETOWN.
Please send me details of your Deposit Schemes.
(BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE)
NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
Lombard Bank
Isle of Man Limited

For pilgrims' reception

Haj arrangements inspected

MECCA, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani and the chief of royal protocol, Sheikh Ahmad Abdul Wahhab, Tuesday inspected the arrangements for this year's pilgrims' reception at the Holy Haram.

Dr. Yamani and Sheikh Ahmad were accompanied by Sheikh Sulaiman ibn Ubaid, head of the Two Holy Harams Administration; and Sheikh Ibrahim Al-Tasan, deputy finance minister for administrative affairs.

The party also checked measures and arrangements for the Third Islamic Summit scheduled to be held here at the start of the new Hijra year.

Meanwhile, according to Sheikh Jaber Mudkhali, secretary general of the Islamic



Dr. Abdo Yamani

Committee on Pilgrimage Information, the committee produced half a million copies of a special guide on Pilgrimage and distributed it to the Kingdom's embassies throughout the world. A total of 120,000 copies have so far been distributed.

Sheikh Jaber said the committee also produced 12 issues of its seasonal magazine, which appears every year in five languages. The magazine prints about 10,000 copies which are distributed to the pilgrims, giving them guidance on question relating to the Islamic faith and various rites. The commit-

tee also printed 200,000 copies of a special bulletin on Arafat in four languages and will distribute them on Arafat day. They will clarify for the pilgrims where and when they should stand and when they should leave, as well as what they should do on the Tashrif days.

In another development, the Interior ministry issued a statement Tuesday reiterating that vehicles of a capacity of less than nine passengers are not allowed to drive in Mecca and the holy places during the Pilgrimage season. Drivers must leave their small cars in special parking areas which the Ministry cited individually.

There will be parking lots off new Jeddah road, Medina/Mecca/Al Taneem road, Al-Laiti/Mecca road, Al-Sharai/Mecca road and off the new Taif/Mecca road. The ban on small cars in Mecca and the holy places will apply from 6/12/1400H to 14/12/1400H, the statement said.

The statement called on all citizens and pilgrims to abide by the traffic regulations during the Pilgrimage season in the public interest and for everybody's comfort. It said that the experiment was carried out successfully last year thanks to the public's cooperation. Pick up cars were banned from driving during the same period last year, and citizens and pilgrims were happy to use public transport vehicles placed at their disposal.

The Ministry statement stressed that arrangements were made only for the pilgrims' comfort. They can now park their cars in spacious areas prepared for the purpose and easily can find seats on public transport vehicles to move from one holy place to another.

In a separate development, Foad Karbi, director of the Commerce Ministry's branch in Mecca, said Tuesday that there will be no shortage of foodstuffs on the market during this year's Pilgrimage season.

The official said that six teams consisting of 80 inspectors are controlling the market to see that foodstuffs are available and that tariffs are respected. He added that the ministry has two centers in Arafat, and four in Mina, in addition to the main center.

Abdul Aziz Merwad, the ministry's representative in Medina, said measures have been taken in cooperation with the related department to see that prices are respected during the Pilgrimage season and foodstuffs are available. He said 12 teams will control gold and precious stone dealers, the fruit and vegetable market and will prevent foreigners from trading.



MEETING CALLED: The Council of Ministers held a special session Tuesday under Crown Prince Fahd to discuss the unfolding situation in the Middle East, particularly the Gulf. The cabinet's time was spent studying the present political state of affairs in the area.

Pollution equipment to arrive soon

LONDON, Oct. 1 (LPS) — Equipment to prevent oil pollution in Gulf waters has been despatched to Saudi Arabia.

The oily water separator is going to an oil washing and desalination plant forming part of the RAS Tannurah/Dhahran pipeline project. Believed to be the largest unit of its type to be completed, it has been manufactured by Fram Industrial, of Llantrisant, south Wales who also undertake to design separators for any size of installation.

All wash water from the plant will be processed before discharge into the sea in order to reduce the oil content from a maximum of 10,000 ppm (parts per million) to less than 10 ppm in accordance with international pollution control standards.

The recovered oil will then be returned to the washing plant for further processing. The Fram Industrial range of coalescing plate separators includes standard packaged units for treating bilge water discharges from ships, and other sources of pollution.

BRIEFS

RIYADH, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Combating the problem of illegal residents is having good results. Interior Minister Prince Naif sent a circular to the departments of the ministry calling for further efforts to reduce the rate of crime in the Kingdom Wednesday. The interior minister has received instructions from the Royal Court after submitting a report by the director of public security, Gen. Abdullah Al-Sheikh, on the drop of the crime rate in all parts of the country after the implementation of the anti illegal residents' plan.

Prince Naif expressed his admiration of every honest effort paid at implementing the plan. The results achieved so far are only part of what the ministry wishes to realize, he added.

DAMMAM, Oct. 1 (SPA) — After winning a contract for a project for building a handicapped vocational training center complex, a Saudi Arabian company was handed over the project site Tuesday. The project will cost SR18 million and will be completed in 18 months. The building, located along the Damman to Al-Khobar road, will be built in an area of 22,000 square meters. It comprises administration offices, and work shops housing and sports fields for the handicapped. Housing for employees and parking lots, were also included, Abdul Rahman Al-

Mujhim, Damman handicapped vocational training center director, said.

LONDON, Oct. 1 (LPS) — Some 2,500 lanterns which will house high pressure sodium lamps to light sections of the Mina Tunnel complex in Mecca have been supplied and installed. In the tunnel entrance zones a double row of centrally mounted lanterns house twin 400 watt or 250 watt Solarcolour lamps to provide a lighting level of 6,800 lux. And twin 65 watt fluorescent tube lanterns with an asymmetric distribution will form a continuous line on each side of the tunnel bays giving a lighting level of 400 lux in daylight.

OIC adopts new tactics in struggle

RIYADH, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Habib Chatti, secretary general of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, said the Arab confrontation with Israel will adopt new tactics that would put the Zionist state in a difficult position, if the decisions of the Islamic foreign ministers conference of Morocco are implemented.

The United States will be compelled to change its policy to maintain peace in its relations with Arab and Islamic countries, Chatti said Wednesday.

One of the sanctions to be imposed on Israel and its supporters will be economic warfare, which requires a deep study to ensure its success. The Jerusalem Committee has been authorized to adopt a new strategy that would be in the context of the holy struggle.

The gap left by Egypt's walkout from the Arab ranks would be filled, he said. Islamic countries are concentrating their efforts now on expelling Israel from the United Nations, and imposing sanctions on the Jewish state. The U.S. opposition to expelling Israel would not stop the Islamic states from pressing the issue, Chatti said.

Arab culture discussed

LONDON, Oct. 1 (LPS) — One hundred and fifty scholars have met for a week in Scotland to discuss the Arabic and Islamic historical and cultural background. They were members of the European Union of Arabists and Islamists.

It was the first time the conference — the tenth in a biennial series — had been held at the University of Edinburgh where there is a department of Islamic and Middle Eastern studies.

Earlier this year a chair of Arabic and Islamic studies was established at the university with an endowment from the University of Baghdad.

The visiting scholars, from all over Europe, were able to see an exhibition in the university library of Eastern manuscripts featuring Rashid Al-Din's collection of chronicles dating from the 14th century.

prayer times

Thursday	Mecca	Medina	Najd
Fajr	5:00	5:02	4:30
Ishraq	6:18	6:16	5:49
Dhuhr	12:17	12:19	11:47
Asr	3:40	3:42	3:10
Maghreb	6:11	6:11	5:40
Isha	7:41	7:41	7:10

WEATHER

The weather is expected to be fine in the western and south-western highlands. Low and medium clouds gathering in parts of the northern region and inland areas, may bring scattered, light thunderstorms.

Winds in these regions will be active during the day, causing sand haze. In other areas, winds will be variable and light to moderate.

Seas will be calm to moderate. Wednesday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	41	28
Jeddah	36	26
Riyadh	40	24
Dhahran	39	22
Medina	39	25
Taif	33	18
Jizan	36	28
Qasim	38	21
Hail	36	19
Tabouk	34	20
Bisha	34	16
Abha	28	13

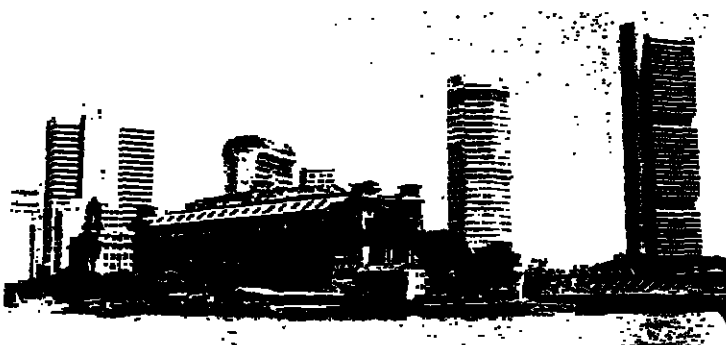
Saud holds talks about Iraq, Iran with ministers

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal met the Omani deputy foreign minister, Yusuf Al-Alawi, Wednesday to discuss the recent developments in the Gulf region. The meeting took place in Prince Saud's wing at the hotel, where he is staying, to attend meetings of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Prince Saud conferred Tuesday with Iraqi Foreign Minister Dr. Saadoun Hammadi. The talks dealt with the current situation between Iraq and Iran. Hammadi arrived here Monday.

Prince Saud also had a meeting Tuesday with Farouq Qaddoumi, head of the political department of the Palestine Liberation Organization on the impending situation in the Middle East, particularly along the Iraq-Iranian borders.

Come Holiday with MAS to EXOTIC EAST ASIA



A gift of Gold mas

For reservations contact your travel agent or MAS office.

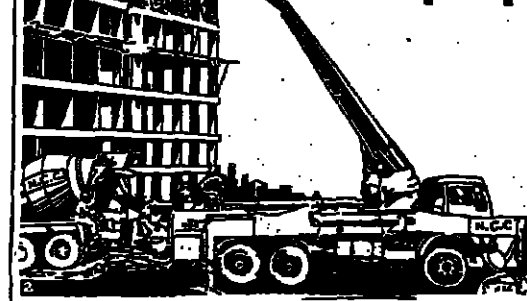
Malaysian Airline System, Ground Floor REDEC Plaza, 115, Medina Road, Bagdadia, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia.

General Sales Agent - Saudi Research and Development Corp. Ltd. (REDEC) Tel No. 47839, 48880.

Always full of pleasant surprises



Highrise Buildings need ready mixed concrete. We pump it higher and higher



N.C.C.

NATIONAL CONCRETE CO. BEHIND THE AIRPORT P.O. BOX: 6548 TEL: 6650491, JEDDAH

The "Together" Portable

1 Television 4" flat screen with sun shade for all VHF/UHF channels.

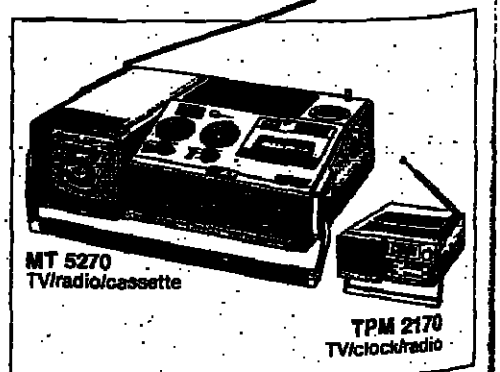
2 Stereo Component-level quality with 2-way, 4-speaker system.

3 Radio AM/FM stereo with switchable AFC (Automatic Frequency Control).

4 Cassette 2 built-in and 2 external mikes.

5 System Set-up External speaker jacks, headphone jack and line-in/out terminals.

Plus operation from all these sources: AC, batteries, car battery.



MT 5270 TV/radio/cassette

TPM 2170 TV/clock/radio



SANYO



سائيو

General Agent for W. Saudi Arabia: Abdulla Bin Sulaiman Basahel, P.O. Box 60, Jeddah. Tel: 34330/22703

مكة المكرمة

By Saudi Telephone

New exchanges opened

TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Two new advanced telephone exchanges went into operation Wednesday in Kharmah and Turba areas. They will add 2,000 more telephone lines to the Western Region telephone service. Lamouda Ridda Subhi, acting Taif telephone director, dedicated the Turba exchange Wednesday in the presence of Deputy Mecca governor Prince Saud bin Abdul Mohsin. During the opening of Kharmah exchange Tuesday, Subhi described the facility as one of the most advanced to be installed in remote areas. Saudi Telephone's master plan added, is not confined to cities only, but also covers villages and remote areas. Prince Saud made the first phone call from the new exchange to the emir of Turba, Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Masoud. The deputy governor expressed his pleasure for the achievement and said this was one of the quick steps to progress in the life of a society adopted by the government to link various areas of the Kingdom to each other and to the

rest of the world.

Meanwhile, Saudi telephone announced that serious inconvenience and sometimes danger, caused by cut or damaged telephone cables can be prevented by Saudi Telephone's Cable Location Service, but the co-operation of digging contractors is required.

While an analysis of recent statistical reports indicates that the number of cables damaged per 1,000 working lines has dropped dramatically, even one cut or damaged cable can deprive a subscriber of his telephone service.

The universal warning of "Call before you dig" applies to both private citizens and companies who plan to excavate in an area where telephone cables may already be placed.

The elimination of cable damage can be assured by calling Saudi Telephone. The current numbers for cable location service are: Riyadh — 457-1721, Dammam — 906, Jeddah — 667-107, Taif — 94 and Mecca — 94. In other areas, cable location service can be provided through repair service — 94 or 904.

Eventually, cable location services in all cities will be reached through the special service number 906. This change, for example, will take place in Riyadh on 1 Moharrar 1401. Saudi telephone will keep the public informed of these changes.

Saudi telephone employees will provide maps and diagrams, and will visit construction sites to pinpoint the exact location of telephone cables. This free service is a worthwhile investment of time and effort for both contractors and subscribers.

Racing event held

TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — *Harab*, belonging to Hilal Al-Shibani, won the SR20,000 Ahli Sports Club Shield prize for local novice horses at the Hawiyya race course here Monday.

The meet comprised six races, one of which was for camels and was won by Sharif Zaid bin Ahmad's *Khulam*.

Prince Fahd bin Badr's *Amal* won the SR9,000 Rania prize for novice horses, and the SR11,000 Rabigh prize for third class horses without a previous win was taken by Prince Faisal bin Abdullah's *Delilah*. The SR11,000 Ala prize for third class horses was won by Prince Bandar bin Abdullah bin Khaled's *Abba*. Jarah, belonging to Prince Khaled bin Badr, took the second class horses SR13,000 Aqlat Al-Siqour prize.

Minister visits Finland

HELSINKI, Oct. 1 (AFP) — Minister of Agriculture and Water Resources Dr. Abdul Rahman Abdul Aziz Al Sheikh, who is here on a three-day visit, Wednesday met Finnish Foreign Trade Minister Esko Rekola.

Dr. Abdul Rahman arrived here Tuesday at the invitation of Minister of Farming and Forestry Taiso Taetkaermaa. His talks during his visit are expected to concentrate on cooperation of Finnish expertise in afforestation in Saudi Arabia.



TRAGEDY: The tail section of the Saudi TriStar is torn out by the fire that erupted in the aircraft in late August after taking off from Riyadh Airport.

In football

Saudi Arabia romps Turkey

IZMIR, Oct. 1 (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian football team beat the Turkish Federated State of Kibris 2-0 Tuesday at the Ataturk Stadium here in the First Islamic Olympic Games, which opened Sunday. The goals were scored by Majed Abdullah in the 20th minute and Amin Dabo two minutes after half time.

The Kingdom also beat Pakistan 3-0 in a volleyball match; the scores were 16-14, 15-11 and 15-5. The Saudi team was defeated at basketball 105-53 by Turkey, and also lost two tennis matches against Turkey (6-1) and the Turkish Federated State of Kibris (6-1).

Meanwhile, Prince Fahd bin Sultan, vice-president of the Saudi Arabian Soccer Federation, cabled his congratulations Tuesday night to Sheikh Fahd Al-Ahmad, head of the Kuwaiti Soccer Federation, after Kuwait won the cup in the Seventh Asian Soccer Championship.

The death toll in the tragic Saudi air crash at Riyadh Airport in the end of August reached 301, according to the Directorate of Civil Aviation. The Lockheed TriStar reported a fire on board 50 miles after take-off from Riyadh. The aircraft turned around and landed safely on the runway, but the fire spread and engulfed the plane before the locked doors could be opened by ground technicians. An

On Saudia TriStar fire

Report to be released

TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — Sheikh Kamel Sindi, assistant minister of defense and aviation, said Wednesday that the investigation into the Saudia TriStar plane accident is nearly completed and will be publicized shortly.

The report has been submitted to Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan and citizens in or outside the Kingdom will find an answer to whatever they want to know about the tragic accident when the report is announced, he said.

In other developments, Sindi said Saudia received two TriStar aircraft out of the five ordered. A third will be delivered within a week, followed by a fourth soon afterwards, he said. The fifth plane will be handed over by the beginning of next year, he added.

The new airplanes, ordered as a result of the government's plan to boost the Saudia fleet, might be increased, Sindi said. He added that this would enable the national carrier to provide better service to pilgrims and citizens. The new planes will ease the pressure on the airline, he added.

In addition, Jeddah's new international airport will be opened on schedule, Sindi said. The final facilities of the airport have been completed. He said Prince Sultan has instructed that work on Jeddah International Airport be completed early, as well as an early completion of the Kingdom's other airports that are under construction.

The death toll in the tragic Saudi air crash at Riyadh Airport in the end of August reached 301, according to the Directorate of Civil Aviation.

The Lockheed TriStar reported a fire on board 50 miles after take-off from Riyadh. The aircraft turned around and landed safely on the runway, but the fire spread and engulfed the plane before the locked doors could be opened by ground technicians. An

investigation of the accident began immediately under Deputy Minister of Defense and Civil Aviation Sheikh Kamel Sindi. A committee of experts checked over the plane's wreckage. The inspection of the wreckage on the tarmac showed that the crew of three and some passengers were killed inside the cockpit.

Messages cabled

TAIF, Oct. 1 (SPA) — King Khaled congratulated President Sheho Shagari of Nigeria Wednesday on the occasion of his country's national day. The King wished the Nigerian leader good health and happiness and progress and prosperity to the Nigerian people.

King Khaled also received more cables of congratulation from several leaders and heads of state Wednesday. The King sent cables of thanks to those leaders wishing them health and progress and prosperity to their peoples.

Among the well-wishers were: G. G. Krimona, vice-president of Malta; President Seyni Kountche of Niger; and Daniel Arap Moi of Kenya.

Al-Harithy received

SANAA, Oct. 1 (SPA) — North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh received Saudi Arabian ambassador here, Sheikh Trad Al-Harithy, Tuesday night. They discussed bilateral relations, ways of promoting them and other issues of mutual interest.

Ambassador Sheikh Trad also met here Tuesday with deputy Premier for the Interior Lt. Col. Mujahid Abu Shawareb. The talks dealt with the means of fostering bilateral relations.

comment

By Nasser Al-Qar'awi
Al Riyadh

It is a fact that we are a consumer society, without any limitation or planning.

Machinery with a 10-year guarantee does not last more than a year or two with us. If it gets out of order, or if only a part of it develops some defect, we just dispense with it and buy a new machine.

Now let us see what are the reasons for this sort of behavior and who actually benefits from it? Among the many reasons, we ought to take into consideration the level of our consumption-consciousness as an emerging society and our indifference to vocational jobs.

Faced with this painful fact, we find ourselves "dwarfed" before the heaps of scrap and the machinery that we import in large quantities. The situation has developed into such proportions that the Middle East has become the focal point for the consumption of commodities. This led foreign manufacturers to exporting cheap quality goods in an attractive form to the Middle Eastern countries.

All this happens under our very nose but we care little to be wary of the situation. Do we expect the exporters to let us know their profits and our losses? We must strive to understand the reality, its risks and its negative effects. We are draining our economy in the absence of a conscience that realizes the risks of unlimited consumption. I feel it is time we reconsidered our behavior and judged the quality of imported materials.

It is often said that goods exported to the Middle East are different in quality from those marketed to other parts of the world. It is an undisputed fact that we cannot afford to deny.

ROCK BUSTIERS

KRUPP HYDRAULIC HAMMERS



There is no concrete, stone or rock that Krupp Hydraulic Hammers cannot break. Easily fitted on site — they convert any hydraulic excavator and backhoe into a fast, efficient rockbusting machine with many applications

ROAD CONSTRUCTION, QUARRYING
IRRIGATION DITCHING, MINING

Engineered to Krupp's traditional high standard and designed for easy service these rockbusting hammers are available from 255 Kg. with technical installation assistance from a factory engineer, backed by spare parts available from all GCC branches.

Krupp Hammers — Marketed by GCC Industrial Division. The new specialist supplier to contractors, distributors and dealers of heavy equipment, dedicated to offering special skills & technical resources to industry, construction & oilfield business.

OLAYAN
GCC



FRIED. KRUPP GMBH
KRUPP INDUSTRIE UND
STAHLBAU
Essen Works

OLAYAN INDUSTRIAL DIVISION

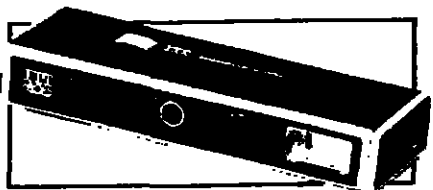
GCC

P.O. Box: 356 AL-KHOBAR

Tel: 8642733 Ext.230 Telex: 670019 OLAYAN SJ

El Ajou CAMERAS العجو

ITT AUTOMATIC POCKET CAMERA WITH FLASH



RIYADH KING FAYSAI ST. TEL. 4020710
RIYADH BATHA STREET. TEL. 4020709
JEDDAH KING ABDUL AZIZ ST. TEL. 52764
JEDDAH NEJMA ROAD. TEL. 50000
ALKHOBAR PRINCE MOHID ST. TEL. 864-1958
ALKHOBAR PRINCE MOHID ST. TEL. 864-7813
ALKHOBAR KING KHALID ST. TEL. 864-1974
DAMMAM QATAR AIRPORT. TEL. 879-2201
DAMMAM RUFFALI BLDG. TEL. 823-2562
YAMBUH KING FAISAL ST. TEL. 950116
BURHIDA NEYR AL-SAFHA. TEL. 327-8062

NEW FOR MEN
LEONARD
POUR HOMME

The prestige fragrance
for the man of today..the man of good taste



LEONARD POUR HOMME

TAMER

U.N. told

Ali offers to defend Arab states in Gulf

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 1 (AP) — Egypt offered Tuesday to defend Arab countries around the Gulf against threats to their sovereignty that it said were developing amid the Iran-Iraq war. Kamal Hussein Ali, Egyptian deputy prime minister and foreign minister, used the Arab name for that Gulf as he told the U.N. General Assembly:

"In the Arabian Gulf today, external threats are emerging for the sovereignty of the Arab peoples.... Egypt is willing and able to carry out its historic role to shoulder its responsibilities to safeguard the Arab peoples in the Gulf area in accordance with their wishes."

Egypt has the biggest army in the Middle East. Ali did not say which countries he believed were threatening those around the Gulf. Nor did he mention talk heard lately of sending a Western naval task force to keep open the strait of Hormuz at the mouth of the Gulf, through which much of the world's oil is shipped to market.

That talk started after the outbreak of war Sept. 22 between the oil-producing countries of Iran and Iraq. But Western officials lately have softened the idea. Besides Iraq, Arab countries bordering the Gulf are Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Oman and the United Arab Emirates.

In Cairo, Defense Minister Maj. Gen. Ahmed Badawi expanded Egypt's offer to cover "any Arab or friendly country," according to the Middle East News Agency. Badawi was speaking before a defense committee of President Anwar Sadat's ruling

National Democratic Party. Badawi said Egypt would give military facilities to the United States "to help us defend any Arab country exposed to aggression." Badawi said, leaving little doubt he was referring to Soviet attempts to spread its influence in the Arab world, especially in the Gulf area.

Ali told the assembly Egypt's Camp David-process talks with Israel on Palestinian autonomy in Arab territories under Israeli occupation were stalemated because of "Israel's vacillation and obstructionism, together with its settlement policy and the illegal measure it undertakes in Jerusalem."

He said President Anwar Sadat's proposal for a summit meeting with President Jimmy Carter and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin after the American presidential election was meant to surmount the obstacles and pave the way toward establishing an interim period in which Israeli military government would be replaced by a Palestinian authority and Israeli forces would start withdrawing from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

Ali welcomed a Western European initiative, Romanian ideas and proposals from U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim for resolving the Palestinian problem.

He said a peace settlement of that problem must be based on the Palestinians' right "to establish their own independent state in Palestine," respect for the security of all states in the Middle East, rejection of Israel's settlement policy in the occupied territories and immediate "confidence building measures" by Israel.

Thorn doubts whether Camp David accord could succeed

JERUSALEM, Oct. 1 (Agencies) — Luxembourg Foreign Minister Gaston Thorn said he doubted whether the Camp David peace process could succeed and that sooner or later another solution to the Israeli-Arab conflict would have to be found. Thorn, in Israel on a fact-finding mission for the European Economic Community (EEC), was summing up his talks with Prime Minister Menachem Begin and nine prominent Palestinian Arab leaders from the Israeli-occupied Arab territories.

He told reporters that Europe was not opposed to the Camp David peace accord between Israel and Egypt. However, Thorn added, the importance of the European initiative to find a solution to the Middle East conflict was in the fact that Europe recognized the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) as a party of the negotiations, something the Camp David agreements did not do. Europe also differed in as much as supported Palestinian self-determination and Israel's withdrawal from the occupied areas, he said.

After talks with Palestinian leaders, mainly mayors from the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip, Thorn said they were united in accepting the PLO as their sole representative. They had also unanimously called for Israel's withdrawal from the occupied areas, including east Jerusalem, he added.

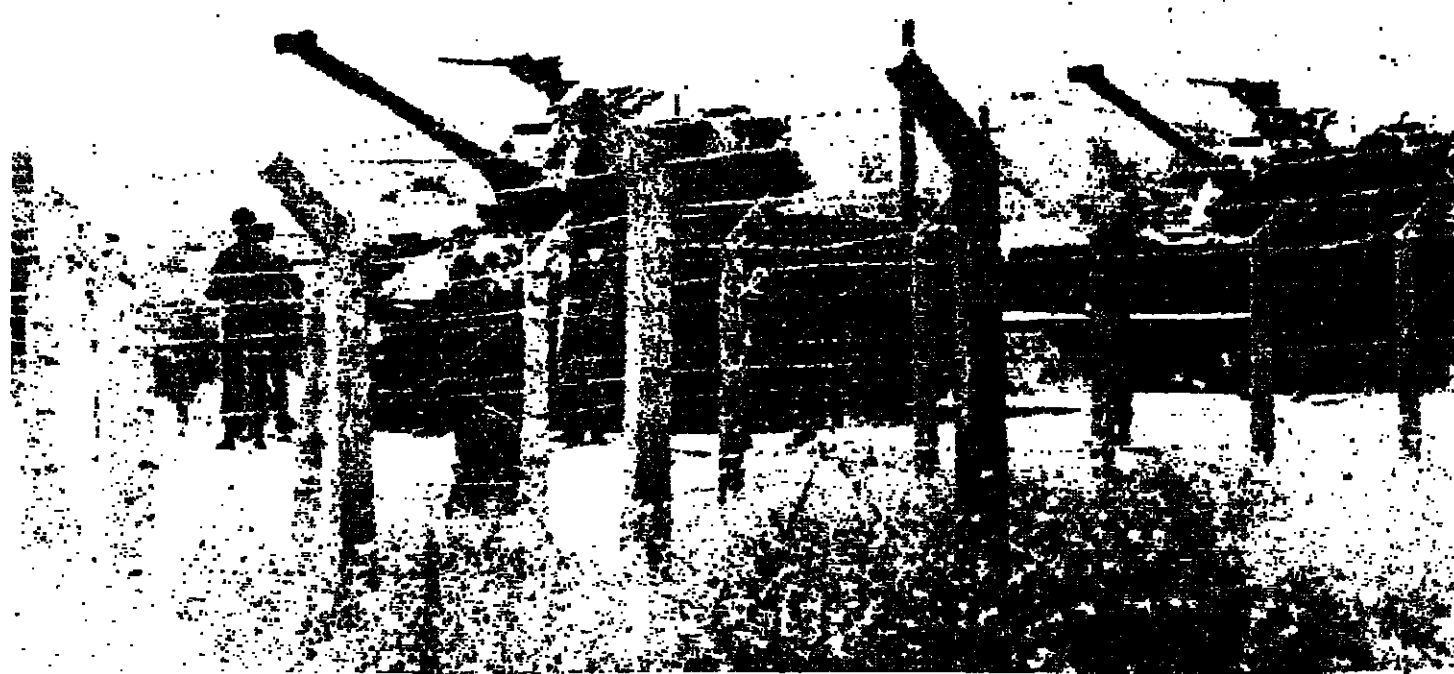
His impression after meeting the Arab representatives individually in the British consulate in East Jerusalem was that they felt the occupation was becoming harder, Thorn said.

However, he added, the Arabs also must realistically accept Israel as a fact of life and understand that they must find a way to live with the Jewish state. After his meeting with

Egypt jails 2 men accused of spying for Libya

CAIRO, Oct. 1 (R) — Two men described as agents for Libyan intelligence were sentenced to 15 years' hard labor Tuesday and fined 1,000 pounds each, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) said. A military court at Mersa Matruh, close to the Libyan border, found Khamis Miftah and Sale Gabriel guilty of spying and gathering information on military sites in the area, the agency said.

A third man, Ahmed Farag, was sentenced to three years' hard labor and fined the same amount on identical charges. The agency said the trial had started May 17, but did not say when the men had been arrested or whether they were Egyptian or Libyan.



TURKISH SECURITY: These heavy Turkish tanks are seen inside a guarded compound near the city center of Ankara. The military withdrew most of its tank force from the main city area, and kept a quiet watch by means of foot patrols and car searches over the weekend.

Five killed in clashes

Turkey's junta supports new cabinet

ANKARA, Oct. 1 (R) — Turkey's five-man military junta, which has given itself all the powers of a normal parliament, Tuesday passed a vote of confidence in the week-old military-civilian cabinet of retired Admiral Bulent Ulusu. The junta first debated and approved the government's program and then passed a vote of confidence in the 27-man cabinet, the state radio reported.

Meanwhile, Istanbul police reported that five people, including a policeman and a soldier, were killed in two clashes in one working-class suburb of the city Monday night.

The incidents were the worst in Istanbul since the military seized power Sept. 12, before the coup, such clashes had been routine, with some 2,000 Turks, including many soldiers and police, killed in the first eight months of this year.

The shootings occurred in the Sefakoz

suburb on the European shore of the Bosphorus. In the first incident, gunmen shot a grocer and his son. Police arrived and one of the gunmen was killed, police said. In the second incident in the same suburb, unidentified gunmen opened fire on a policeman and troops on patrol outside a cemetery, killing one policeman and one soldier, police said.

Istanbul police also said they found the body of a man shot dead in the Gungoren industrial district of the city, Tuesday's announcement that the junta had approved the cabinet program and passed a vote of confidence seemed designed to show that the military leaders were using democratic methods despite the absence of popular democracy since the Sept. 12 coup.

Statutes published at the weekend to regulate the powers of the junta and appeared to give it all the powers of a formal parliament.

BRIEFS

BEIRUT, (R) — Eighty-one people were killed in acts of violence and 45 explosions were reported in various parts of Lebanon last month, security sources said Wednesday. The figures compared with 105 killed and 49 blasts in August.

BEIRUT, (R) — Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi has warned that a confrontation with the United States could take place at any time, the Libyan News Agency JANA reported. It quoted him as telling the General People's Congress Tuesday night: "as soon as American naval units and reconnaissance planes enter Libyan territorial waters or Libyan airspace, the collision with America will begin."

AMMAN, (R) — A Soviet military delegation led by Gen. Vasily Sergeev, deputy chief of staff of land forces, arrived Tuesday from Moscow on a week-long visit. Soviet officials said the visit was routine.

PARIS, (R) — Kuwait Airways has ordered an additional five Airbus A310 aircraft, bringing its total orders to 11. Airbus Industries said. The airline signed \$300 million contract for six of the aircraft in June. It plans to introduce them into commercial operation in 1983. The Kuwaiti order brings the total number of Airbus ordered by 36 international airlines to 426.

TEL AVIV, (AP) — U.S. Undersecretary of Defense Robert Komer arrived here Tuesday for two days of talks with Israeli strategists. Komer flew to Israel from Egypt. He scheduled meetings with top military officials, Deputy Defense Minister Mordechai Zippori and Prime Minister Menachem Begin, who also acts as defense minister.

LAS PALMAS CANARY ISLANDS, (R) — Polisario Front guerrillas have kidnapped all but one of the 17-man crew from a Spanish trawler off the coast of Western Sahara, fishing sources said Tuesday. They said the guerrillas boarded the Costa de Terranova and took the crew to the coast in rubber boats. The trawler's engineer remained hidden on the ship and later radioed Spanish authorities in Las Palmas.

KHARTOUM, (R) — Ethiopian MiG fighter bombers and helicopter gunships are pounding villages in the northern province of Tigray in retaliation for attacks by secessionist guerrillas in the region, a guerrilla spokesman said Tuesday. The spokesman for the Tigray Peoples Liberation Front (TPLF) said a massive aerial bombardment of central Tigray villages had displaced 80,000 people and destroyed churches, schools and mosques. He said this was part of an air and ground offensive against the TPLF.

2 Israelis booed for meeting Arafat

TEL AVIV, Oct. 1 (R) — A delegation of Israeli Communists was booed by angry Israelis upon returning Tuesday from Bulgaria where they met Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat.

Tufik Tubi, an Arab member of the Knesset (parliament) for the Rakah Communists, and Mrs. Felicia, well known as the defense attorney of many Palestinian commanders in Israeli courts, were greeted by calls of "murders," and pushed by outraged Israelis who recognized them as they emerged from the airport terminal building.

Tubi told newsmen at the airport that the meeting with Arafat had been at a reception at the Communist-sponsored world peace movement "parliament" in Sofia.

Although no discussions were held with the PLO leader, the meeting between him and an Israeli delegation was highly significant for future peace, Tubi said.

Reports of the meeting aroused angry controversy in Israel. Government spokesmen condemned the contact with "the head of the PLO leader and Israel's most bitter enemy" as an act of treason.

Some left-wingers hailed it as a breakthrough, heralding the possibility of a dialogue between Israel and the PLO.

The attorney general Tuesday advised the minister of justice that after weighing the matter at the minister's request he could find no grounds for any legal action to be taken against the members of the delegation for having met Arafat.

Right-wing leaders called for the prosecution of four Israelis for holding contacts with enemies of the state.

President, aides criticized for handling Billy's affair

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (AP) — A U.S. senate draft report, condemning Billy Carter's relationship with Libya, criticizes President Carter and several of his top aides for their handling of the affair but says the justice department showed no favoritism in its investigation of the case. The draft draws no conclusion that there was illegal or unethical action by any administration official.

But it questions the president's handling of his brother's second trip to Libya and the use of Billy Carter as an intermediary in seeking Libyan help to free the American hostages in Iran. The draft also says the White House

Commandos attack Israeli army jeep

TEL AVIV, Oct. 1 (R) — Palestinian commandos attacked an Israeli army jeep Wednesday near Jericho in the occupied Arab West Bank, Israeli military sources said. They said the commandos had attacked with grenades and automatic weapons, but the soldiers in the jeep escaped unhurt. Israeli soldiers later carried out a house-to-house search in the villages of Taibe and Ramoud, near Jericho.

should have realized "the enhancement of Billy Carter's importance in the eyes of the Libyans might be exploited by him for his own economic advantage."

The report, drafted for a special senate subcommittee, says the \$220,000 the president's brother got from the Libyan government indicates "the control by Libya over him." "His conduct was contrary to the interests of the president and the United States and merits condemnation," the draft report concludes.

However, the report does not dispute Billy Carter's testimony that he never tried to influence U.S. foreign policy in Libya's behalf to influence U.S. foreign policy and that Libyans never asked him to.

Billy Carter insisted the money was his own and said neither that nor a Libyan official that fell through gave the radical Arab government any control over him.

The report, which is to be released Thursday, is still being circulated for review among the nine subcommittee members.

Jimmy Carter never raised the possibility of expressing official disapproval of his brother's trips because the president thought the visits were strictly private, the White House says.

Now overseas Pakistanis can have the facilities of a modern house, the comforts of a secure home

A house in Faisal Town, Lahore



A project for overseas Pakistanis undertaken by House Building Finance Corporation (under the Ministry of Finance, Government of Pakistan)

Good news for overseas Pakistanis! Enjoy the facilities of a modern house, the comforts of a secure home with the minimum of bother. Own a house in Faisal Town, Lahore (adjacent to Garden Town and New University Campus).

Salient Features of Faisal Town Project:

• 350 double-storey, three-bedroom houses in three different designs as follows:—

	Constructed Area	Cost
Type A	2,150 sq. ft.	Rs 4,95,000
Type B	2,075 sq. ft.	Rs 4,78,000
Type C	2,000 sq. ft.	Rs 4,60,000

- Area: 10-11 Marlas per house
- Cost payable in FOREIGN EXCHANGE only in ten easy instalments
- Preference will be given to those who pay the total amount in lump-sum.
- Delivery Time: about 24 months after the allotment
- Apply immediately through overseas branches of nationalized Pakistani banks or their authorised agents

Last Date: 31st October 1980

For detailed brochure and application forms, contact any Pakistani bank/Pakistan Embassy abroad, or write directly to House Building Finance Corporation in

Lahore or Karachi at any of the following addresses:—

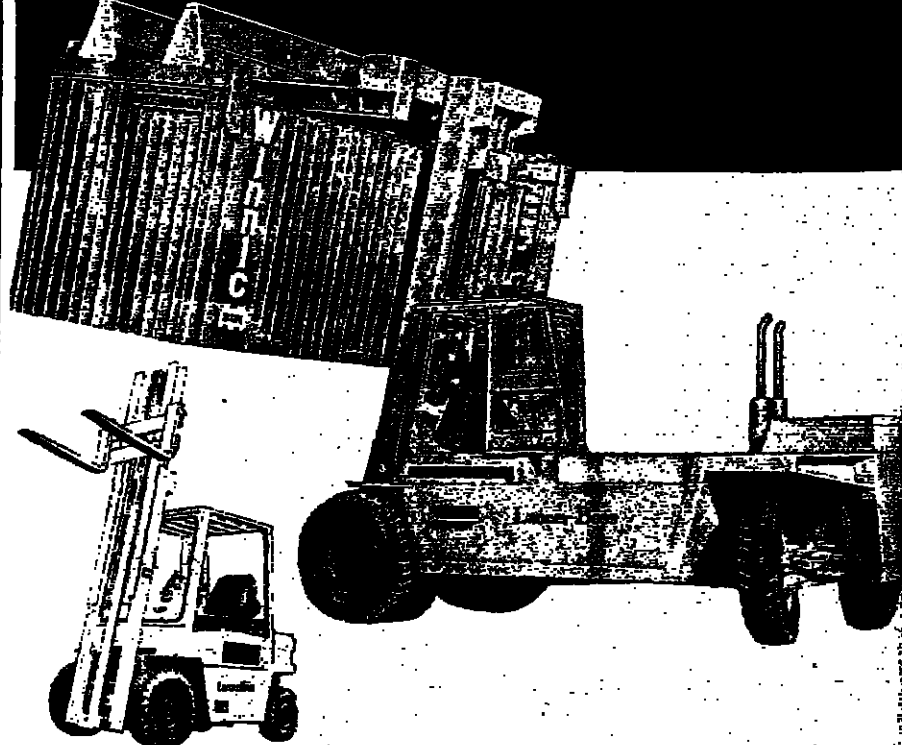
Lower Mall, Lake Road, Near Chauburji, Lahore
Telex: 04-676
Tel: 54966, 53942

5th Floor, Sheikh Sultan Trust Building, 10 Beaumont Road, Karachi
Telex: 02-3851
Tel: 512581-3, 511933

- Design and Supervision: Pakistan Environmental Planning and Architectural Consultants Ltd.
- Execution: Messrs Hassan Associates Ltd.

Transworld Advertising.

Lancer Boss



THE SUPERIOR LIFT TRUCKS

Before you invest in a new lift truck, take a look at the world's largest range — Lancer Boss. With capacities ranging from 1 ton to 30 tons you will find the ideal size and capacity trucks for your application to give a complete solution to any handling problem.

Advanced design and construction techniques give Lancer Boss trucks the ability to out perform and out last all other makes.

See the Lancer Boss superior quality and superior performance by booking a demonstration at any Arabian Auto Agency branch.



ARABIAN AUTO AGENCY Service and Parts You Can Count On.

JERUSALEM: P.O. Box 2222 Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines) Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines)
BAGHDAD: P.O. Box 2222 Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines) Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines)
DAMASCUS: P.O. Box 2222 Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines) Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines)
RIYADH: P.O. Box 2222 Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines) Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines)
SAUDI ARABIA: P.O. Box 2222 Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines) Tel. 02-2222 (3 lines)

Fish stories abound

Blockade held salty demise

PARIS, Oct. 1 — "Fish soup?" asked the incredulous waiter in the Breton Seaport Restaurant. "Never mind what the menu says. You need fish to make fish soup. Don't you know what's going on?"

That conversation, a real one, could have taken place anywhere along the French coast this summer as the staple entrée on sea resort menus, served with grated cheese and rouitons, disappeared after the fishermen went on strike and blockaded the ports — except, of course, where restaurateurs were willing to cheat with canned or frozen substitutes.

When ill-advised entrepreneurs tried to run the blockade in its early days with foreign fish, they wound up with their cargoes dumped on the docks.

Anger and fistcuffs were not confined to the fishers or the blocked British tourists whose plight prompted angry British headlines about the hundreds years' war and the battle of the because of Dunkerque. French pleasure boat owners, who number 120,000 as opposed to the 50,000 fishermen, also felt aggrieved and some times came to blows with the blockaders of the major ports.

In a strike movement that started building up months ago, climaxed in August and is still not altogether finished, France's seagoing professional fishers presented a crazy quilt of demands that added up to a cry for the preservation of a romantic profession that seems not to be endangered by foreign competition, overfishing in European waters, ancient practices and outdated technology.

The fishermen's trump card was their spectacular ability to block French ports at the height of the tourist season. The government had a relatively easy time countering them by refusing to accept industry-wide negotiations, arguing the diversity of interests and demands of the crews of coastal trawlers, ships that go out for giant crayfish off West Africa and the industrial boats that are out of port for months at a time dragging the herring banks of the North Sea or Newfoundland.

"There is not a single, but many problems of fishing, one cabinet ministry said. "While solidarity is morally worth of respect it could be economically disastrous."

The French government apparently decided that in mid-August, while the vacationing French were largely occupied trying to take advantage of the country's first long run of sunshine since Easter and to ignore the economic gloomsayers, was a good time to demonstrate authority and try to head off the expected autumn strike wave whose avant garde the fishermen seemed to be.

So Joel Le Theule, the transport minister, announced that the fishermen's grievances

were none of the government's business — a remarkable assertion in one of the most regulated economies outside the Communist world — and that the fishermen were highly overpaid besides. He offered as a typical example the \$120,000 earned by the captain of one fishing sloop in 1978, an example that turned out to involve the highest paid captain in the best recent fishing year.

Anyhow, the minister's office let it be known that the real problem of French fisheries is not the fishermen's complaint that the price of fish has only doubled during the same period that the fuel to operate at sea has gone up six times, but because of the distribution system needed to satisfy the peculiarly individualistic tastes of the French fish-eater. Eighty per cent of the British market is satisfied by four varieties of fish, it was noted, while it takes 20 species to meet the refined demands of the same proportion of the French.

In the face of such government stonewalling, the fishermen's exasperation quickly spread from the confines of the original strike movement in Normandy to all the other major fishing regions, including the most important of all, Brittany, even though there is traditionally no love lost and occasional clashes at sea between Breton and Norman fishers. Le Theule managed to create temporary unity between the boat owners and captains on one side and the heavily unionized seamen on the other. A sacred union to defend the future of a hard and noble profession was formed among the national assembly deputies representing the fishing regions including Giscardists and Communists alike.

Prime Minister Raymond Barre's entourage offered his traditional arguments that the French economy will never be efficient unless there is an end to honoring the demands of lobbies and special interest groups. This angered fishermen's representative into replying that when the far more numerous and electorally powerful peasants go out en masse, the government listens, talks and does something.

By then, Le Theule, dubbed "pontius pilate" by the fishermen, was admitting that it was more than just a private problem, but, he said, redress of grievances was not to be found in Paris but at Common Market headquarters in Brussels.

The Communist-led union, no. 1 in the country but holding a minority following among the fishermen, jumped on the occasion to outbid the industry's dominant pro-Socialist union by pressing for increasingly extreme actions.

When it came to ending the strike pending negotiations, there was general stupefaction

that the seamen in the two main Normandy ports where the strike movement had started rejected their union's recommendations to return to work and followed the Communists lead to stay on strike. By then, however, the movement had peaked.

Government strategists hoped to head off the national strike wave that seemed to be building up. If it does not engage in some very fancy footwork, however, the result could be the opposite as the unions compete with each other to incite strikes to prove that they are better defenders of worker interests than their rivals.

After a shaky start, the government seems very aware of this danger and appears to have maneuvered well.

In the fishermen's strike, the government's stress on the conflicting interests of captains and seamen, between regions and between seamen fishing different types of catches succeeded in breaking the back of the strike.

The government's most spectacular contribution to the unaccustomed break in the August holiday truce was to call out the navy to break the blockades of the oil ports of Fos near Marseilles in the Mediterranean and Le Havre in Normandy.

The unequal contests that ensued, with fishing boats rammed by naval vessels and mock-heroic battles taking place in full sight of the ports, earned Barre more amused cartoons of the prime minister in 19th century admiral's uniform than outrage.

Tactics similar to Le Theule's approach with the fishermen have surfaced in the last few days as Education Minister Christian Benillac has been warning schoolteachers not to start off the new school year on the wrong foot with a strike wave.

In what now seems in retrospect to have been in part a maneuver to dissipate the impact of a strike by the powerful teacher's unions, the government decreed the start of school on a staggered, regional basis rather than all on the same day. Teachers spokesmen have been saying that if the first day of school is going to be staggered, there is no reason that the traditional first-day strikes cannot be staggered, too.

Benillac switched from lumping the teachers unions all together as irresponsible to attacking Communists in the unions separately as the root of the troubles. Teachers are one of the few groups in France whose unions are not divided along political lines. The non-Communist leaders rushed to the defense of their Communist colleagues.

The teachers may find that the government has laid a trap for them. It can tell moderate voters that it is not attacking the non-Communists, but that they have chosen to associate themselves with the Communists.

Federal programs vs. states' rights

Dealing assistance out to the people

By Bruce Babbitt
Governor of Arizona

PHOENIX, Oct. 1 (NYT) — In that dismal swamp called inter-governmental relations, Ronald Reagan has spotted an appealing campaign theme: states' rights. He promises, "Everything that can be run more effectively by state and local government we shall turn over to state and local government."

To those of us who came of age in the 1960s, "states' rights" evoke memories of a racist governor standing in the schoolhouse door, and malapportioned legislatures. Two decades later, some of us are having second thoughts about what the government should and should not do. The anti-poverty programs and all the other causes that we work for so enthusiastically have produced paltry results.

More than 500 federal grant programs have brought the heavy hand of federal regulations in local programs of every kind: school lunches, libraries, fire protection, street maintenance, the local symphony. Governors like myself, trying to innovate in resource management, medical care and environmental issues, find ourselves cornered by rigid federal regulations at every turn. If we are beginning to sound like George Wallace or John C. Calhoun, it is not because we share their objectives, it is because we believe that the government, acting in pursuit of many noble goals, has not produced what it promised and is rapidly destroying the power of state and local governments to do a better job.

With these thoughts in mind, I turn to the Republican platform's states' rights plank. The main battleground is welfare, the Guadalcanal of inter-governmental relations. The platform declares: "Decisions about who gets welfare, and how much, can be better made on the local level ... Ultimately the Republican Party supports the orderly, wholesale transfer of all welfare functions to the states."

The Democratic platform explicitly rejects any such transfer. "Such a proposal would ... lead to reduced benefits and services to those dependent on welfare programs." Instead, it calls for more federal spending "to provide greater assistance to state and local governments for their welfare class."

The Democrats probably have the better half of the welfare argument. The states have been reluctant to shoulder welfare responsibilities. Disparities among state programs can cause artificial population shifts that penalize states that do act. Income-transfer programs are most efficiently administered at the national level, Social Security is a good example. The National Governors' Association has consistently supported federalizing "elfare."

The GOP also advocates reducing federal involvement with education, starting with abolishing the new Department of Educa-

tion. The platform stops short of proposing complete transfer of educational responsibilities to the states, but promises "to replace the crazy quilt of wasteful programs with a system of block grants."

In contrast, the Democratic platform boasts that during the Carter administration "federal aid to education has increased by 73 percent — the greatest income increase in such a short period in our history." The Democrats urge "a steady increase in federal support."

The Republicans have a strong case for leaving education to the states. Public education historically has been the province of state and local government. The federal government is a relative newcomer, it contributes less than 10 percent of the total amount spent. That 10-percent contribution has been accompanied by so many regulations that the government is the dominant partner in much education policy. Moreover, federal entry into education has been paralleled by a steady decline in scholastic achievement scores.

After wading through the swamps of education and welfare, the Republican platform

unaccountably neglects a number of the juiciest targets. It failed even to mention the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, a federal pork barrel for police chiefs and sheriffs. The Democratic platform, with its leitmotif of more for everybody, is worse; it pledges to continue "its strong record of providing needed assistance to local law enforcement." Neither party asks the basic question of why the national government should subsidize local law enforcement at all.

The Republican platform, however cautiously, at least asks the right questions, even if its answers appear aimed at urban dwellers and the poor. Democrats seem committed to perpetuate the mass, with more federal programs for every conceivable constituency, a process known as the "revolution of rising entitlement."

It is time to take a hard look at "states' rights" — and responsibilities — and to sort out the respective functions of the government and the states. The Congress ought to be worrying about arms control instead of potholes in the street. We just might have both an increased chance of survival and better streets.

Reduces energy cost

Sails used to move oil drilling rigs

By Everett Harvey
Houston Bureau

HOUSTON — A businessman who discovered sail power in the movement of huge, bulky offshore oil drilling rigs was feasible was a witness in Washington, D.C., before a U.S. Senate sub-committee studying wind power as a means of moving commercial ocean freight.

The sub-committee, chaired by U.S. Senator Spark Matsunaga (D-Hawaii), is sponsoring a bill that would allow the Federal government to fund a research and development study for the installation of sails on commercial shipping among the Hawaiian Islands and Samoa.

Purpose of the study would be to see if the use of sails, and the resulting savings in fuel costs, can cut down the high cost of shipping freight to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, which comprises more than 2,000 islands scattered over 3-million square miles of the North Pacific Ocean with a total land area of only 700 square miles supporting approximately 100,000 persons.

As an inducement to encourage use of sails in commercial ocean traffic, the bill also would provide a 25 percent tax cut allowance for firms utilizing wind power at sea. The tax cut already exists for wind-power use on land.

C. Robert Palmer, an avid sailer, and president of the Houston-based Rowan Company, manufacturers of offshore drilling rigs, was one of 10 witnesses to testify before the committee in Washington, D.C. on their experiences with the use of sails in commercial ocean traffic.

There currently are thousands of sail-equipped vessels plying the world's oceans. However most are of the pleasure craft variety which do not qualify for tax exemptions.

Palmer testified he began using sails on offshore oil drilling rigs in 1977 to cut down the high costs of having them towed by ocean-going tugs from one port to another.

Special masting was constructed on the rigs to hold two sails, each 180 feet high and 75 feet long, with an area of 6,750 square feet.

He testified he considered the use of sails feasible, and in one instance actually gained a knot-an-hour over the speed attained by ocean-going tugs. He said he will continue to use sails which, in the Rowan Company case, are transferable from rig to rig including removable masts.

His first use of sails was in 1977. "What we wanted to determine at that time was how the mechanics of the masts and sails would stand up, whether or not anyone could get hurt. But we had problems with the tensioning system and the rotating mechanism. It meant going back to the drawing board," he said.

The company's second voyage began on March 18, 1978, when the "Louisiana" was sailed from Galveston to the Bay of Campeche, Mexico. A third trip in July, this year, was from Galveston to Halifax, Nova Scotia.

"We used sails for 16 days, and everything worked just fine. Sales affect the stability of the rig. And there were times when we gained a half-knot to a full knot of speed over the tug boats."



Saudi Can Company welcomes the visit of Prince Mafed Bin Abdul Aziz, Governor of Mecca and Dr. Ghazi Al Gosaibi, Minister of Industry and Electricity during the inauguration of phase III of the Industrial City, Jeddah.



saudi can co., ltd.

Industrial City, P.O. Box: 6882,
Street 32, Road 36,
Jeddah, Saudi Arabia
Tel: 6440985/6440977
Telex: 488877 SATHAN SJ

arab news

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

Editor: **HISHAM ALI HAFIZ**
 Editor in Chief: **MOHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ**

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4556
 TEL: 6534239 6534743 6533723 CABLE: MARADNEWS
 TELEX: 401570 ARANNEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAJHI BUILDING NO. 2, 4th FLOOR,
 APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 38272-30460-TELEX: 201680,
 CABLE: ARABNEWS TELEX: 201680 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABDULLAH FOUAD CENTER ABUL AZIZ STREET
 10TH FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 8642891 8645678

MIDDLE EAST OFFICE: EGYPT: 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT
 ALMOHANDASEEN, ADOKKI, CAIRO TEL: 818392 - 815121

IRANIAN SANAYIN EL GHANEM BLDG., P.O. BOX: 8886 BEIRUT,
 LEBANON TEL: 547090 TELEX: 20649

SUDAN OFFICE: KHARTOUM AL TAKAH BUILDING ATBARA STREET,
 TEL: 7170771782 P.O. BOX: KHARTOUM 2944

LONDON OFFICE: 67 GOUGH SQUARE FLEET STREET, LONDON EC4A 3J,
 TEL: 353-4413-455 TELEX: 889272 ARAB NEWS

EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOLAD, GENEVA,
 SWITZERLAND, TEL: 211711 TELEX: 289005 SARE,
 P.O. BOX 795 1211 GENEVA 3

PARIS OFFICE: 16, RUE CHRISTOPHE COLOMB, AVENUE GEORGE V
 75008 PARIS 720 36 34 723 68 99

TUNISIA OFFICE: TEL: 256611

U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650 HOUSTON,
 TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0246 TELEX: 440585 ARABNEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C. 359 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7183, TELEX: 440585 SAUDI UI

JAPAN OFFICE: BABA 2 12,10 TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
 TEL: (045) 573-8816 TELEX J 47899 UMULGURA,
 UMULGURA

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION:
 SR 600 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED

INTERNATIONAL: \$ 200 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED
 Produced and Printed at Al-Madina Printing and Publishing Co., Jeddah

For Riyadh and Eastern Region
 Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES

TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

JEDDAH: Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box: 5455, Tel: 6440000 (28 Lines),
 Tel: 401205 TIHAMA ST., Circle: TIHAMAJO Jeddah

RIYADH: Shamsa Road, Near Saudi Co. Bldg., P.O. Box: 4681, Tel: 4771900 (10 Lines),
 Tel: 200510 SJ, Circle: TIHAMAJO Riyadh

EL-QASR: Boudak, Madinet Road, Madinet Mlg., Apartment No. 609, Tel: 06/3232200
 MCCA: Doha Aljoud, Madinet Madinet Road, P.O. Box: 1074,
 Tel: 5430213, 5437009, 547087, 547171, Circle: TIHAMAJO Mcca

TAIF: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 DAMMAM: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

BAHRAIN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 TEL: 5430213, 5437009, 547087, 547171, Circle: TIHAMAJO Dammam

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

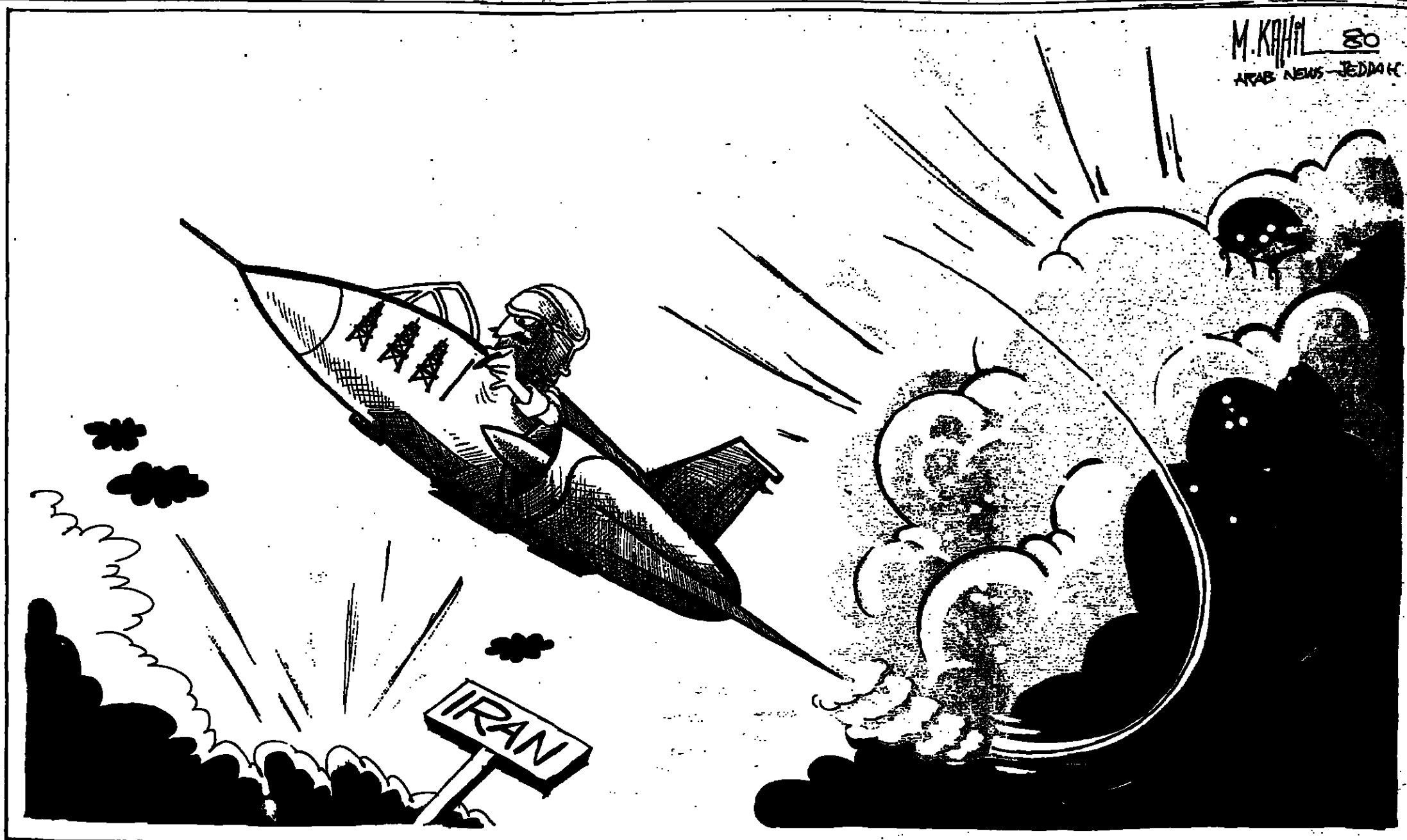
ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699

ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699
 ADEN: Al-Madina District, Aljoud Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7366699



Nuclear waste plan sparks ocean of unrest

By Donald Kirk

TOKYO, — Japan is mounting a massive public relations campaign to try to reconcile South Pacific islanders to plans for dumping nuclear waste into chasms at least four kilometers beneath the surface of the ocean.

Japanese officials say that the waste, packed in concrete and encased in steel drums, presents "no danger" despite protests from the region's governments. Japan hopes to dump 5,000 to 10,000 of the drums 600 miles southeast of Japan by next summer.

"The safety is complete," said Eiichi Tsuji, director of the nuclear safety divisions of the government's Science and Technology Agency. "Our largest interest is the problem of safety and we have absolute confidence in the program."

Despite all assurances, governments from Guam

to New Zealand have said they oppose the plan. "We should have a nuclear-free Pacific Ocean," the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Northern Mariana Islands, Joaquin I. Pangelinan, said.

Pangelinan, visiting Japan on the 35th anniversary of the atomic bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki on Aug. 6 and 9, carried a petition with 10,000 signatures demanding that Japan abandon its plan.

Much as Japan would like to soothe the sensitivities of the South Pacific islanders, officials here are gradually reaching a consensus that Japan will just have to dump the waste under any circumstances. They point out that the site selected is several hundred miles from the Northern Marianas, the closest Pacific island grouping, and emphasize that the program is experimental, and that the material is low-level waste.

They also say that the program would conform

with all the provisions of the London nuclear dumping convention, which Japan has said it will ratify, and with standards set by the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development.

It was for that reason, said Tsuji, that Japan abandoned a program 10 years ago for dumping nuclear waste into the sea 30 miles off the eastern coast of the main Japanese island, Honshu. "The site was less than the minimum of 4,000 meters deep set by the OECD," he explained. "But the depth of the site we have selected in the South Pacific is 6,000 meters."

Another probable factor was Japan's "nuclear allergy", the term used for the widespread aversion among Japanese to any form of nuclear energy because of the atomic bombing. The government did not publicize the dumping off the coast until several years after the program had ended.

While fretting over the objections of South Sea Islanders, officials are also anxious to win the approval of Japanese fishermen, fearful of the danger of radiation on their fishing grounds.

The buildup of nuclear waste on the sites of Japan's nuclear power plants has added a sense of urgency to the dumping program. Approximately 260,000 drums of waste are stored around the plants, and this is expected to reach four million by the year 2000.

The Japanese acknowledge that the government erred in failing to discuss its program with representatives of the nations and territories of the South Seas earlier. Officials say they did not anticipate so much protest since the proposed site is still far away from any of the islands.

The *Asahi Shimbun* newspaper said: "Neglecting

to obtain the understanding of the countries in the area is obviously improper. The government cannot have supposed it would be sufficient to reach agreement with only the Japanese fishermen."

The newspaper reported that some governments believed Japan was planning to dump spent nuclear fuel — a view that the Science and Technology Agency is combatting with more missions, brochures, leaflets and press releases.

The prospects of assent by the island governments, however, are extremely small. The Republic of Yap, part of Micronesia, is urging the United Nations to condemn the program as showing "callous disregard for the health, safety and welfare of the people and ecology," while Pulau, also in Micronesia, now has a constitutional provision declaring that Pulau will never tolerate any kind of plan including nuclear energy.

Roman Bedor of Pulau reflected regional sentiments when he denounced the proposal as "another experiment by another big nation using our islands and our people as guinea pigs." The Japanese, he said, first wanted to exploit the marine resources of the Micronesian waters and then to destroy them.

"Our people have come out very strongly against this," he said, "only we fear that the Japanese government will not listen." Japanese officials have made clear that they are listening — though they do not promise to keep on doing so.

Acknowledging that "international harmony" was "important," an official of the Science and Technology Agency pointedly noted it was still "not necessary to get approval of foreign countries." — (OFNS)

DEADLOCKED SITUATION

Iraq's agreeing to the ceasefire called for by the United Nations Security Council, and the declaration by President Saddam Hussein that his country accepts mediation in the present crisis, have caused some Western observers to draw the erroneous conclusion that the Iraqi offensive was faltering and that the Iraqis therefore would welcome a reprieve.

The truth is that although the Iraqis have put up fiercer resistance than expected, the Iraqi attack realized most of its strategic objectives. To accept a ceasefire therefore is a sign of strength and not of weakness. A ceasefire in such situations is usually agreed to be *in situ*, with each side holding to their positions until wider agreement is reached. And even in cases where a return to the original positions is called for, this is usually done only after a period, with withdrawal being linked to further talks. A ceasefire would therefore find Iraq in a very strong position. The week's fighting has left it with the stronger cards in any future negotiations.

This, of course, is the reason why Iran at the moment is refusing all talk of a ceasefire. Iran has certainly lost many battles — but it is equally certain that, up to now, it has not lost the war. There is no reason for it therefore to stop fighting while Iraqi forces are still on its soil. The situation is thus deadlocked at present, and will remain so until one of the two sides has reason to change its mind. Iran might come to see that it faces total defeat, or Iraq might think an extended war more expensive than it thought. Or both might come to see that their private war will not remain private for long, as foreign powers prepare to enter the Gulf to "secure the flow of oil."

Were this to happen — and the danger of it happening cannot at the moment be ignored — then it will mean that no matter who wins on the ground, both sides will be losers. It is hoped for this reason that they act to stop hostilities now, while they both have the ability to determine the course of events. For soon, events will take a course of their own, and others, namely the superpowers, will reap the rewards of the war between the two countries.

DANGER OF FOREIGN INTERVENTION

The two combatants at the top of the Gulf have to realize that the longer the war between them lasts the graver the danger of foreign intervention in the area. The superpowers are certain to find in the present conflict a pretext under which they put into effect the plans which have already been worked out.

Talk of foreign intervention at present is far from being pure speculation. The logic of the events of the last two years makes it nothing less than inevitable. The possibility arose long before the present conflict, as both the United States and the Soviet Union started their race for military bases in the area.

The two superpowers had previously used detente as a cover for their designs in the Gulf, moving cautiously to establish "zones of influence" and "facilities." But the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan tore that cover to shreds, and the scramble took the open form in which we find it today.

Two further events, the Camp David agreements and the fall of the former Shah, demonstrated the area's vulnerability to foreign pressures.

The Muskie-Gromyko meeting, held to discuss the present war, ended with a public agreement that America and Russia will observe strict neutrality and will not supply arms to either party. But only a few days later mutual recrimination started. The Soviet news agency Tass accused the Americans of sending additional forces to the area, while the Americans warned the Soviets against any attempts to invade Iran. The Americans also declared their extreme concern about the possibility of Iran's dismemberment, and reiterated their commitment to keeping the Straits of Hormuz open for international shipping.

This last warning is the most ominous one: For any incident leading to the closure of the Straits would cause America to intervene, with the danger of a Soviet countermove that this implies. America is already in consultation with its European allies, whom it wants to persuade to take part in a joint naval force ready for action in the Gulf.

Crucial elections in Portugal

By Jimmy Barnes

LISBON — With just less than a week to go before Portugal's general election (Oct. 5) Lisbon is smothered with more graffiti than the city has seen at any time since the 1974 revolution. The streets are littered with pamphlets and jammed with motorcades as party militants blast out their slogans and anthems.

The world may be watching Turkey, Poland, Iraq and Iran, but the Portuguese have no doubt about the historic importance of events in their country too.

Portugal's first parliamentary election in 1976 represented the birth of democracy after nearly half-a-century of dictatorship, the approaching poll may decide whether democracy survives.

The new parliament will face a series of crucial decisions during its four years of office: revision of the constitution; the final negotiation of accession to the European Common Market; the definition of Portugal's role in NATO.

The present constitution was drawn up after the revolution and is still essentially Marxist, contradicting the aspirations of many of the people. It excludes private enterprise from certain areas of the economy and enshrines various nationalizations as "irreversible conquests of the revolution."

It gives a central role in politics to the armed forces, in particular to the Military Council of the Revolution, which is still largely composed of left-wing officers.

Entry to the Common Market is scheduled for 1983. All the major parties, except the Communists, agree on the principle of membership, but there are differences over the details of negotiation.

The same is true of membership of NATO. Portugal is one of the alliance's founders, but its role

until recently has been small. One of the most controversial questions is whether to allow United States bases to be established on the Portuguese mainland to strengthen NATO's southern flank.

The election is being held now because the constitution demands it. Last December President Eanes called a snap election as a temporary solution to the political deadlock. The poll brought to power the first majority government since the revolution: a center-right alliance committed to radical Thatcherite reform. It has governed with mixed fortunes and its term in office was anyway limited by the constitutional stipulation. Nonetheless, the main contenders are much the same as they were 10 months ago.

The ruling Democratic Alliance headed by Francisco Sa Carneiro is pledged to the exclusion of all Marxist principles from the constitution, and to the dismantling of the Council of the Revolution. It is unquestionably pro-Common Market and pro-NATO.

In direct opposition is the United People's Alliance, an electoral grouping led by Portugal

In Paris

Preparing for winter

By Raana Siddiqi

PARIS — The morning to night frenzy for the Fall-Winter collection shows is over. One can say with a sigh of relief that the Parisian fashion houses have not dropped any outlandish surprises on the fashion world. In fact, the imperative word in the fall of 1980 and heading into 1981 is "classic" — lady like blouses with skirts, folkloric suits with jackets, pants and pant variations, and neat school girl dresses are the fashion rage.

The fashion-conscious waited apprehensively for the new headlines by the fashion lords only to discover that the major fashion houses presented, thank goodness, a variation of skirt lengths ranging from maxi to mini. The intent this season seems to be to please everybody and to present a well-dressed woman no matter what her age.

Givenchy, long known for its sophisticated approach to clothes, presented skirts falling just at the knee and above. Saint Laurent lengths varied from floor to just above the knee; Dior hems cover the knee while cardin coats and disco dresses are above the knee.

Mini lengths were widely displayed by Claude Montana, Issey Miyake and Angelo Terlazzi. Voila, the length is yours to choose for your skirt!

Chloe, Saint Laurent and few others have favored pants in several variations. Saint Laurent pants are straight to the ankle shapes, while Chloe shows variations including culottes and walking shorts. As Frankie Tacque of Carven predicted last season, loose pants have made a comeback. Terlazzi and Miyake collections have brought out the "big big" pants which are more like billowy skirts.

Big and exaggerated padded shoulders have been replaced by clear cut and small shoulders in the dresses this season. Suits

seem to be popular with jackets and neat-lined skirts or straight pants. Givenchy's tailored suits with Laurent folkloric suits with full skirts and jackets are quite suitable for our part of the world.

Dior and Chloe's school girl look is obviously influenced by the British boarding school. Complete with hats, berets, blazers and prim skirts.

Several Paris designers have brought back sweaters and knit dresses. Hand knit pattern of yester years reappear in today's fashionable lengths and designs. Even ruffled knit dresses prevail.

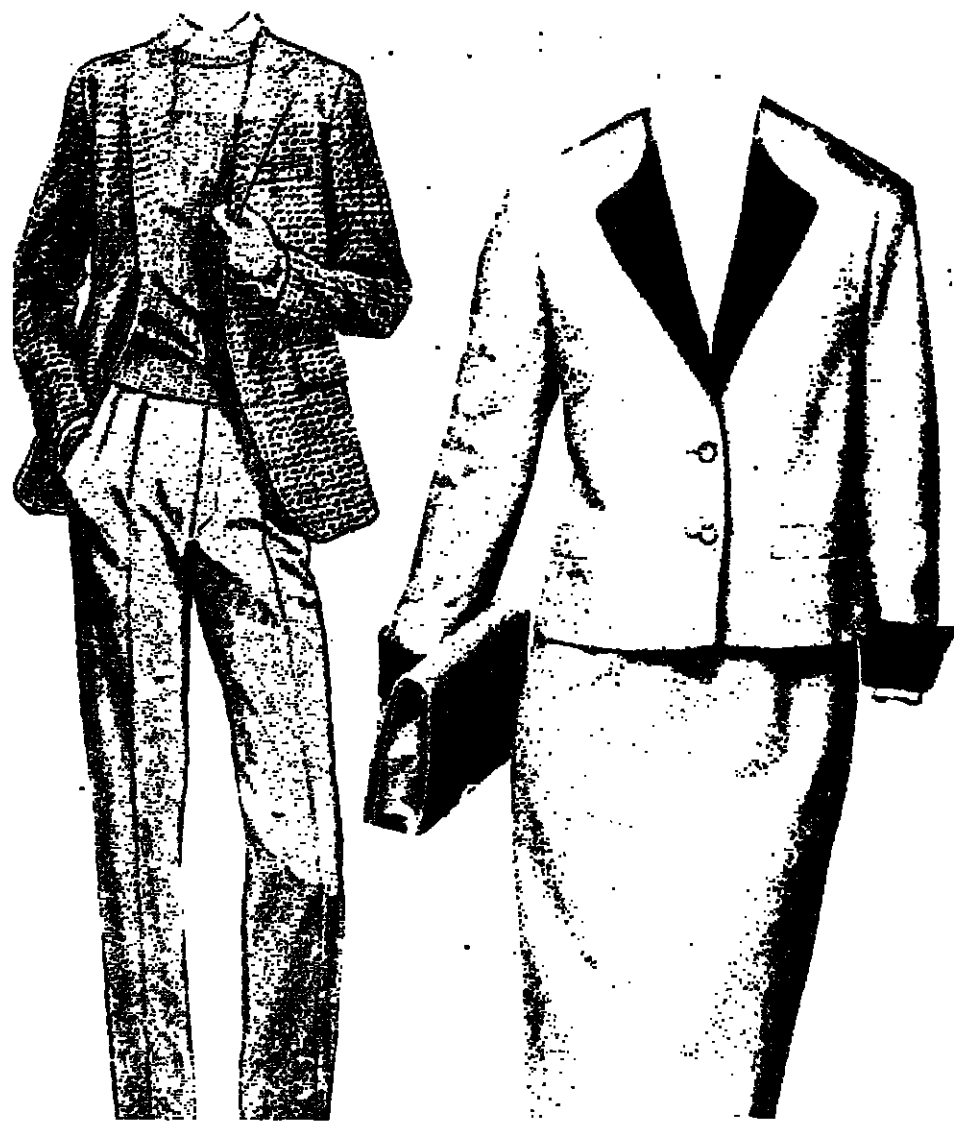
Colored stockings with numerous designs take you back a few years. Another accessory favored by most fashion houses are bows — in the hair, at the neck or on the belt.

With the hemlines rising, heels are a couple of inches lower to keep the proportion right. One inch low heels, strappy sandals, even flat and low heeled pumps seem to be the great fashion news this season.

Colors vary widely. Predominant in the Saint Laurent collection are reds, blueberries, violets and pinks while Chloe goes for mustards and cobalts. Givenchy reds, sea greens and turquoises are a contrast to more subdued tawny and softer colors of the Mugler collection and the black and whites of Sonya Rykiel. Some Dior pieces glitter with gold on black.

Feathers seem to be out but some designers including Dior, Chloe and Saint Laurent show ruffled trimmings of silks, cottons, tafetas and satins.

To sum up Parisian Fashion for the Fall and Winter of 1980 and 1981 — an uncluttered classic look with a range of choice colors, design and lengths to suit every woman in a flattering way.



FASHION: Saint-Laurent's favorite silhouette for fall (left), and an elegant suit by Pierre Cardin (right).



WINNER/FALL: A red and black striped knitted dress (right) and a skirt and sweater (left) combined to bring on the elegantly simple look.

For the Los Angeles Ballet

An older star trains young ballet hopefuls

By Martin Bernheimer

LOS ANGELES, (LAT) — What, one had to wonder, was a lady like her doing in a place like this?

The lady was Alexandra Danilova, the legendary ballerina who had left the Maryinsky Company of Leningrad in 1924 to become one of the last great stars of Diaghilev's Ballets Russes.

The lady had been the absolute pride of Monte Carlo, a desired guest with most of the important companies of her time, eventually even a Broadway luminary — remember "Oh Captain" in 1958? — and a choreographer for the metropolitan opera. The lady had helped her erstwhile colleague George Balanchine, whom she now calls "Mr. B.," mount "Coppelia" for the New York City ballet, had portrayed a thinly disguised incarnation of herself in "The Turning Point," and assumed latter-day distinction as a teacher and lecturer.

As a dancer, Danilova easily embraced the pure classicism of "swan lake," as well as the pert comedy of "coppelia." Leonid Massine likened her performance of "beau danube" to "champagne on the stage."

An encyclopedist who should know recently described her as "one of the most popular dancers of her time, extremely versatile, of irresistible charm and glitter, elegant and distinguished, a lady of the world."

And here she was, in poor little rich Los Angeles, setting — or trying to set — "Coppelia" on the ever scrappy, modestly

endowed, small-scaled, low-budget Los Angeles Ballet.

Impeccably chic at 76 and still an effortless disseminator of charm and glitter, Danilova brushed aside the suggestion that we talk in the hotel lobby. Lobbies aren't what they used to be. She wasn't interested in the coffee shop, either. Coffee shops are noisy and she had already had her coffee. The interview would take place upstairs, in her room. Settled.

Here she held court. Here she popped up from the chair in the corner to lift her gauzy skirt a few inches to reveal gorgeous, ageless legs and to demonstrate the difference between a vulgar can-can, as practiced by the ballet theater corps these days, and a provocative one, as practiced by the girls of the Ballet Russe de Monte Carlo in the good old days. Here she smiled, sighed, and batted the longest and prettiest lashes money can buy.

Here she talked quite candidly, in lush St. Petersburg-flavored tones, about a changing world of dance and dancers.

"Why am I here?" she repeated the question. "I think they needed me. This is a very young company, and they don't know the style. I am teaching them how to dance classical ballet. It was very nice of John to choose me."

John, of course, is John Clifford, the director of Los Angeles Ballet.

Although the Danilova visit involved a fortnight in August, Clifford's plans for putting "Coppelia" on the stage remain a bit

vague and distant. If all goes as is hoped, a production utilizing sets and costumes borrowed from Dallas will materialize in March or April. The Danilova sessions are being videotaped and will be used for brush-up sessions in the spring. At that time, the ex-ballerina will return to administer finishing touches. Her salary is covered by a private grant designated specifically for this project.

The Los Angeles "Coppelia" will hardly be a copy of the new York City Ballet version.

"This," Danilova explains, "will be more 'intime,' more like the Ballet Russes. It will require about 30 people."

Is that really enough for a work on this scale?

"Well, Yes. Eight pairs of dancers are quite enough. Diaghilev and quite a small company. People forget that. He hired additional dancers only when he played glamorous engagements in big cities. John will do the same..."

The most challenging aspect of the current assignment for Danilova doesn't even involve the dancing per se.

"It is very difficult," she says, "for young artists to play mime. It is not enough, I keep telling them, that you feel. You must make the public feel."

Is this young company really ready for "Coppelia"?

"That is very difficult to say. Yes, I think so. One must push them. That is always the way. They will work. They will rehearse. The result may not be absolutely first-class, but it will help the dancers to develop."

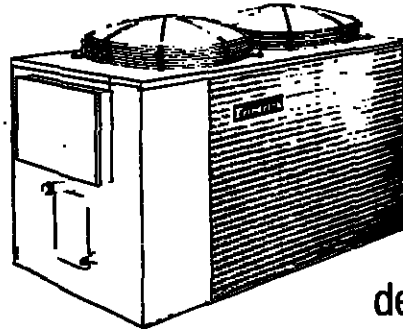
Al-Zamil

Friedrich

Room and Central Air Conditioners

For quiet cool Efficiency

Al-Zamil Refrigeration Industries manufacture FRIEDRICH, the largest selling, most dependable Room Air Conditioners and a complete range



of Central Air Conditioners for your every need. Manufactured in Saudi Arabia, FRIEDRICH Air Conditioners are backed by a comprehensive after sales service including a large network of dealers throughout the Kingdom.



Manufactured by:
AL-ZAMIL REFRIGERATION INDUSTRIES
Eastern Province: Dammam Tel: 8331484 - 8331499 - 8331562
Ras Tanura Tel: 6670679 and Jubail
Central Province: Riyadh Tel: 4786956
Western Province: Jeddah Tel: 6604649 and Yanbu Tel: 24634



DEALERS IN THE KINGDOM:

DAMMAM
Moh'd Al Arfaj Stores
Tel: 8323971
Al-Amoudi Trading Stores
Tel: 8321776
AL KHOBAR
Green Belt Est. Tel: 8646195
Al Mubarak Comm. & Cont.
Tel: 8646341
Moh'd. Mislak Mater
& Partners, Thuqbah
QATIF
Ahmed Al-Otut, Tel: 51288
Abu Al-Saud Trading Est.,
Tel: 51706

SIHAT
Al Hawaj Est. Tel: 61222
Al Matrood Trad. & Cont. Co.
Tel: 61249
TAROOT
Abdul Hadi Al Haydar Est.
Tel: 52073
SAFWA
Al Khatem Est.
Al Hayki Cont. Est.
RAHIMAN
Fadhal Al Ghamdi Est., 47 St.
Al Zuhairan Exhibition
Tel: 6670228
JUBAIL
Al Mahasnah Trading Est.
Tel: 8323194

JISH
Mr. Ali Al Wahra, Main Street
AL HASSA
Sultan Est. Tel: 21302 - 25504
Al Hashel Trading Store,
Iyon city
ABQAIQ
Ahmed Hamza Abdul Shakoor
Tel: 61026
JIZAN
Al Ageel Trading Est. Tel: 1682
QASSIM
Al Saleem Est. Tel: 643121
TABOOK
Al Aubaid Trading Est.

HAFFIR AL BATIN
Al-Muhajal Est. Tel: 229111
AL KHAFJI
Ebrahim Al Balawi Electronic
Est. Tel: 660555 ext. 3520
NOARIA
Darwish Al Bouainain Trad. Est.
Tel: 421914
DAWADIMI
Ebrahim Al Saab Est.
Tel: 421914
SANABIS
Hassan Al Daman Est. Tel: 52625
DAREEN
Ahmed Abdallah Al Majid
Tel: 8240699

SO YOU CAN BE SURE



SUPPLIER OF SHELL SUPER 30/40
DOUBLE GRADE MOTOR OIL AND
ALL SHELL LUBRICANTS IN
JEDDAH AND WESTERN PROVINCE:

SAUDI ARABIAN MARKETS LTD.

(Shell Lubricants Division)
P.O. Box: 65, Jeddah, Tel: 6872863, 6870834

Greece threatens to cut NATO tie

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (AP) — If no new formula for its participation in NATO is reached "within the next few weeks," Greece will be forced to pull out of the Atlantic alliance for good, the country's foreign minister is quoted as saying.

"We do not want to do it," Constantine Mitsotakis said in an interview with the *Washington Post* conducted at the United Nations and published Wednesday. "But Greece must return to the alliance or it must withdraw its application for a return before the Greek elections next year."

Greece withdrew from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's military wing in 1974 to protest what President Constantine Karamanlis said was the Nixon administration's failure to stop Turkey's invasion of Cyprus. Greece has since taken part in the alliance's political activities and has joined in some military maneuvers.

In 1976, Greece applied for readmission to the alliance. But that move has been blocked by a disagreement between Athens and Ankara over Greece's insistence that it be given operational control of Aegean air and sea lanes.

Mitsotakis was quoted by the *Post* as saying that if no agreement can be negotiated soon, Greece will be forced to take over the four



Constantine Mitsotakis

American military bases on Greek soil. Among those bases are an important naval installation and an electronic listening post that keeps track of Soviet military movements in the eastern Mediterranean.

Mitsotakis is said to have relayed his government's warning to Secretary of State Edmund Muskie earlier this week at the United Nations. Mitsotakis' comments represent the first time the Karamanlis government has said publicly and explicitly that it is unwilling to face the 1981 Greek elections with the NATO issue unresolved.

Briton hits Macbride press report

BELGRADE, Oct. 1 (AP) — Peter Blaker, Britain's minister of state for foreign and commercial affairs, has said some aspects of the Macbride report on international communications and media were "dangerous."

Addressing the plenary session of the UNESCO conference, Blaker headed off the first of the controversial debate on freedom of the press and international communications likely to continue during the upcoming conference beginning Oct. 10.

The British minister said that "the overall impression left by the recommendation (of the Macbride report) is one which we cannot accept."

Baker later said his speech was internationally composed of "tough, one-syllable words," adding some aspects of the Macbride report are "dangerous" and cause "grave misgivings." Sean Macbride, an Irish statesman, headed a UNESCO-created group of 16 journalists who carried out a comprehensive two-year study of communications and news issues. The report and other recommendations are to be considered at the UNESCO conference.

The report speaks about the "licensing" of journalists, introduction of "a code of ethics" for newsmen and even setting up a supranational body in efforts to provide better balanced information.

13 killed in Salvador urban clash

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador, Oct. 1 (AP) — Government troops fought pitched battles against leftist guerrillas using mortars and bazookas all through Tuesday near three main cities in this country, an army spokesman said. Thirteen persons were reported killed in one of the battles.

The spokesman, who asked not to be identified by name, described the guerrilla attacks as "very serious." But he said troops from the 5th army brigade in the western part of the country managed to subdue the rebels by nightfall.

"The situation is now under control," the spokesman said but claimed he was under orders not to make details public for the moment. He said guerrillas used mortar fire and bazookas in confronting army troops near San Vicente, 69 km northwest of the capital. He said 10 guerrillas and three soldiers were killed there.

Other intensive firefights between the guerrillas and army units were reported outside Santa Ana, the country's second largest city and Sonsonate, located about 80 km west of San Salvador. But the spokesman said he had no details on possible casualties.

Six guerrilla groups are fighting to overthrow the ruling civilian-military junta and set up a Marxist government in El Salvador. As part of the violence engulfing the nation, three school teachers were reported assassinated on Tuesday.

A couple of unidentified attackers shot two teachers to death as they emerged from a Roman Catholic high school in downtown San Salvador, and then escaped, witnesses said. A spokesman for the leftist-led Salvadoran Educators Association identified the victims as Oscar Romano and Juan Jose Chavez, and said they were the 105th and 106th association members killed since Jan. 15. Another teacher was shot in Sonsonate.

Police sources did not give a motive for the double killing. Leftists and rightists are engaged in a clandestine war for power, and the Salvadoran Human Rights Commission estimates more than 6,000 civilians have died in the violence since Jan. 1.

The commission says another 3,000 persons have disappeared after arrest. The politically moderate junta of two army colonels and three civilians, in power since Oct. 15, 1979, so far has not been successful in stopping the bloodshed.

The guerrilla Democratic Revolutionary Front — FDR — said Tuesday the government agreed to decide within 48 hours whether it would meet the group's demands for releasing 11 hostages from the occupied Organization of American States offices.

Government sources could not be reached for confirmation of the deal, but officials have consistently denied negotiating with the FDR guerrillas.

1,931 quit Zimbabwe

SALISBURY, Oct. 1 (AFP) — More people emigrated from Zimbabwe in August than in any month since December 1978, at the height of the guerrilla war, according to official figures. Most of the emigrants were white.

The *Digest of Statistics* reported that 1,931 people left Zimbabwe from Aug. 1 to 31. A record 1,596 had left in December 1978, the month Salisbury's fuel depot was burned in a spectacular urban guerrilla attack.

ONE STEP AT
SAND
DOES IT.

SAND SHOPPING CENTER
SHARAFIAH, JEDDAH.
TEL: 6602625/65.

AMERICOL

LUBRICANT
OIL

LAST 10000 K.M
AND DON'T BURN IN THE ENGINE



PRESIDENT VOTES: Panamanian President Aristides Royo signs the voting book at a primary school in Panama City before casting his ballot in the country's first elections in 12 years in which political parties have been allowed to participate.

Political key rings, zeppelin promote Portuguese parties

LISBON, Oct. 1 (R) — Every Portuguese political party has a fleet of cars bristling with loudspeakers to take its campaign to the streets. Only the Socialists have a zeppelin.

When the weather is fair and the wind low, the red and green dirigible floats over towns and villages beaming down party propaganda from its powerful public address system. It has caused such a sensation that an astonished driver ran into a policeman in the northern city of Oporto, prompting a profuse apology from the Socialists.

Politicians spare no gimmicks to get their parties chosen in next Sunday's parliamentary election. The right-wing Democratic Alliance sent its Lisbon candidates dancing with the national tango champions to win the hearts of city voters.

Campaigning is even carried out from inside jail. Six extreme left-wing candidates are on hunger strike in protest at the authorities' refusal to release them for the official three-week campaign period. All have been convicted of inciting an armed uprising against the state.

Parties have taken advantage of the continuing school and university holidays to recruit thousands of youngsters who have plastered every city, town and village with election posters. Now they man convoys of party vehicles, decked in the flags of the various electoral coalitions, which patrol the streets, squawking propaganda from loudspeakers.

The election campaign has plunged Portugal into a three-week political carnival with

rival parties setting up pavement stalls doing a brisk trade in badges, literature and mementoes stamped with party insignia.

An official of the ruling Democratic Alliance said the sale of propaganda material was planned to pour \$350,000 into the coalition's campaign coffers.

Three coalitions opposed to the ruling right-wing alliance, the Socialists and the pro-Moscow Communists are expected to dominate the new parliament. But a dozen other political groups have sprung into life to contest the election, attracted by the opportunity for press publicity and the right to make party political broadcasts on television.

One of the radical groups on the far left is the Trotskyite Socialist Revolutionary Party which demands the legalisation of marijuana, sex education in schools, free contraception and abortion on demand. At the other end of the political spectrum is the Atlantic Democratic Party, a thinly-disguised front for right-wing independence movements in Madeira and the Azores Islands which calls for the reconquest of Portugal's former African colonies.

Manuscript on block

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AFP) — An illustrated manuscript by Leonardo da Vinci, *Of the Nature, Weight and Movement of Water*, which could fetch up to \$12 million, goes up for auction at Christie's here in December, experts said. The 35-page work was compiled in Italy around 1507.

U.S. would limit use of incendiaries

GENEVA, Oct. 1 (AP) — The United States offered Tuesday to accept broad restrictions on the use of incendiary weapons. The move, at the U.N. conference on weaponry here, was described by U.S. observers as a significant concession.

The proposal, which would preclude firing incendiary weapons at military targets in populated areas, was presented by Michael Matheson, acting head of the U.S. delegation to the United Nations conference on restricting or banning conventional weapons deemed inhumane or excessively injurious.

Sources in the American delegation, while referring to their offer as "a significant move," stressed that it was not to be considered a unilateral renunciation of incendiary arms but, instead, as "a negotiating offer aimed at producing international agreement on a protocol about such weapons."

Since convening Sept. 15, the conference, which has attracted representatives from more than 70 countries, has been struggling to conclude a generally-worded draft treaty and two accompanying protocols — one setting forth restrictions on incendiary weapons, the other covering landmines and booby traps. The talks are in their second year and are to continue until Oct. 10.

The conference has produced no major agreements. The proposed scope of restrictions on incendiary weapons — the conference's most controversial topic — has created sharp divisions, casting military powers against smaller countries.

Representatives from Mexico and Sweden said Tuesday they welcomed the U.S. move, which took some conference observers by surprise. "I couldn't believe my ears when I heard it," one source said.

Until Tuesday, the United States had been willing to support a ban on firing "flame weapons" — notably napalm — against military targets in populated areas which would include towns, cities, and villages, as well as refugee camps.

The revised American position is considerably more expansive and would include weapons which historically have been dropped over industrialized areas, such as in the U.S. air attacks on Tokyo and Dresden during World War II.

The conference, in its draft protocol on incendiary weapons, describes that armament as being "primarily designed to set fire to objects or to cause burn injury to persons through the action of flame, heat or a combination thereof."

Cosmonauts set record

MOSCOW, Oct. 1 (AP) — Soviet cosmonauts Valery Ryumin and Leonid Popov Wednesday shattered the world space endurance record of 175 days and 36 minutes established in August 1979.

The mark belongs to Vladimir Lyakhov and to Ryumin, whose wife once said he was certain he would flunk the physical when he applied for the cosmonaut program. He didn't and the 41-year-old civil engineer has now spent nearly a year, on three different trips, the last two aboard the orbiting Soviet space station Salyut-6. His first flight in October, 1977, ended after two days when his spaceship failed to dock with the space station.

Ryumin and Popov, a 34-year-old air force pilot on his first space mission, set off on their record-breaking flight last April 9 from the Baikonur launching site in Soviet central Asia. Soviet television showed the left-off, and as the rocket rose in a burst of flames and smoke, one of the cosmonauts was heard to yell: "Poyekhali (let's go)."

CONSULTANTS wanted

- a- CIVIL ENGINEERS
- b- MECHANICAL ENGINEERS
- c- ELECTRICAL POWER ENGINEERS
- d- CO-AXIAL CABLE SYSTEM ENGINEERS
- e- MARITIME TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERS
- f- FREQUENCY TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERS
- g- MOBILE TELEPHONE SYSTEM ENGINEERS
- h- OUTSIDE PLANT NETWORK ENGINEERS
- i- SWITCHING SYSTEM ENGINEERS
- j- TRAINING ADVISORS
- k- CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Applicants must possess the following requirements:—

- a- B.Sc. in Electrical Engineering with Telecommunication Specialization.
- b- 12 years experience in the field of Telecommunication with the last five years in a responsible position.
- c- B.Sc. in Civil, B.Sc. in Mechanical Engineering or equivalent qualifications only.
- d- Age minimum will be 35 years.

Candidates meeting the above requirements, please contact:—

MR. JABER A. KHALIFA
P.O. Box: 430
Telephone No: 6670472 — JEDDAH.
(Available time from 9.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.
and 5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.)

Send resumes at the above address immediately.

Note:— Priority will be given to Saudi National.

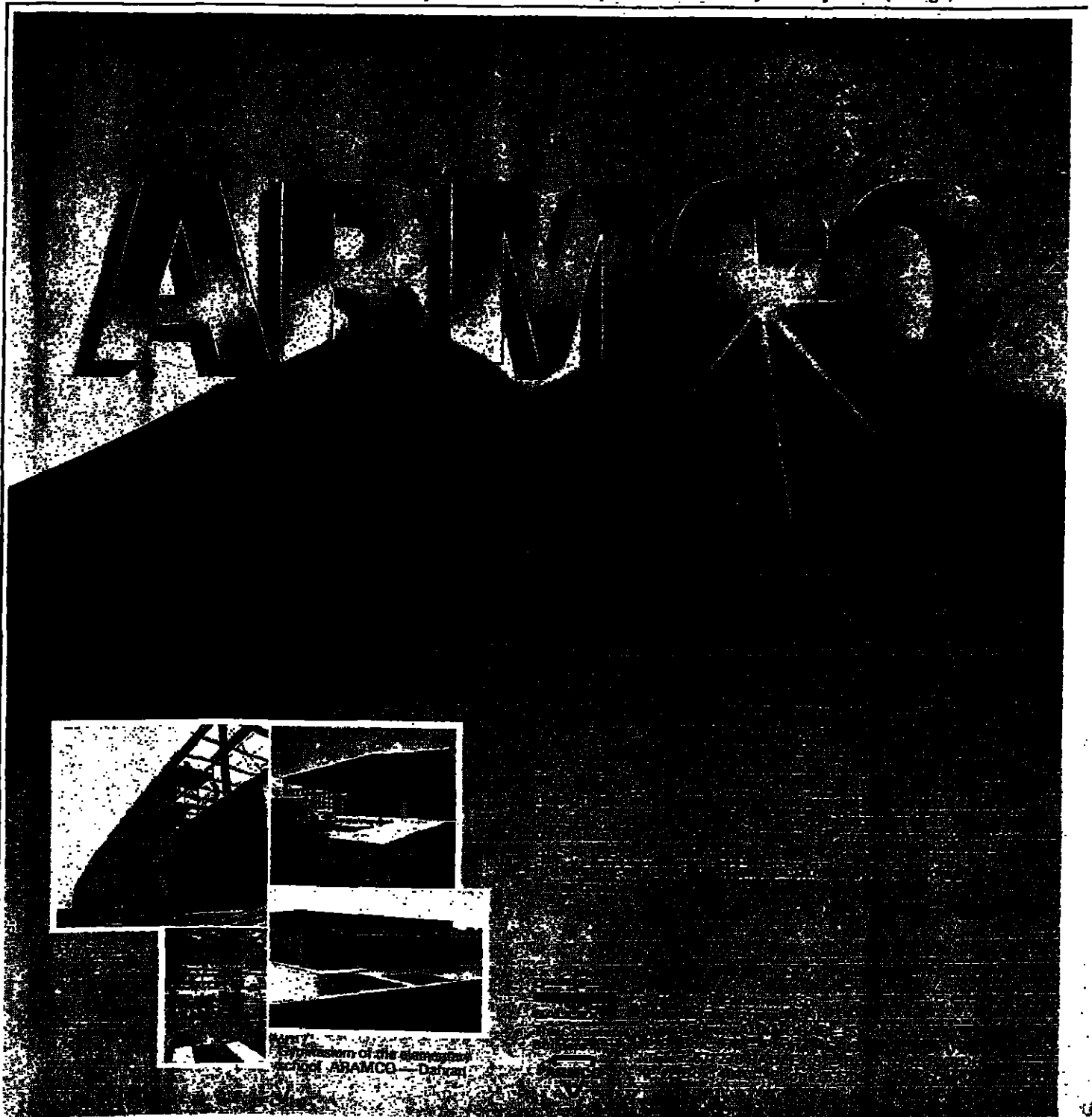
OLAYAN Transportation Group

- All types of shipping & transportation of cargoes
- Trucking, heavy haulage & heavy rigging
- Project cargoes, containers & break bulk
- Customs clearance & documentation work
- International freight forwarding by land, air and sea
- Fluids transportation - water, diesel and caustic soda

SAUDI GENERAL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY
SAUDI MARITIME COMPANY
SAUDI CONTAINER SERVICES
SAUDI FORWARDING AND TRANSPORT COMPANY
SAUDI LOGISTICS COMPANY
RIGGING INTERNATIONAL SAUDI ARABIA
GENERAL TRANSPORTATION ENTERPRISES

	DAMMAM	ALKHOBAR	RIYADH	JUBAIL	JEDDAH
Tel:	832-4855	857-3377	477-2718	833-3126	56781
	832-4908		477-8321	833-3109	51844
	833-3126		476-2634	833-3143	54203
	833-3109				
	833-3143				
Tlx:	601289	671204	200405	601289	400262

	UNITED KINGDOM	U.S.A.	JAPAN	KUWAIT
Tel:	01-235-4802	212-250-4800	03-404-7111	833380/1/2
Tlx:	916476	424712	2426781	2279
	01-947-7131	415-485-9300		
Tlx:	928624	336-333		



Poverty commonplace

Tibetans buoyed by medieval piety

LHASA, Tibet, Oct. 1 (Newsday) — The old Russian-built turboprop searches a slim green valley among the white summits, then slips between its mountain walls and descends. Suddenly (and to us, frighteningly) the Chinese pilot is 270 degrees around the peak that is only a snowball's throw off the left tip. broad flood plain flares out beneath the course, the valley of the Brahmaputra. long moment passes, and then the fully-lit Ilyushin-18 sets down easily on the top of the world. There is just a runaway byer. No control tower. No terminal. Not fuel tanks — the plane must bring its return supply. Jengtu, the jumping-off spot in western Tibet, is two hours and 15 minutes of deep-smooth trans-Himalayan flying behind. It lies still three hours ahead, a harrowing ride over dirt roads, etched from steep mountain sides in some places, tinged rain-swollen mountain torrents in others. Further from awe or altitude (it's 4,000 feet, and breathing comes hard) the passengers bounce along in utter silence past 65 miles of impoverished mud-and-stone villages, brown, leathery-skinned herdsmen ding sheep and cattle amid the pale green blebs of mountain brush, an ancient ruined asery. Rubbery bags of oxygen, like miniature air mattresses, are passed around. Huge lums loom over us. abruptly there rises just under the horizon it seems like a small hillock. Our party of Western journalists (the Chinese, Tibetan Mongolian passengers among the 90 and our plane are on separate buses) set golden flashes of sunlight bouncing off top. It seems so tiny in the distance, but

there is no mistaking the gilded magnificence perched atop the hill — the Potala Palace, the 1,200-year-old fortress of the Dalai Lama. The vision takes hold — or perhaps the oxygen — and the busload comes alive with chattering anticipation.

In half an hour we are there. One understands at once why Lhasa holds such a grip on mankind's imagination. For the "Rooftop of the World" is less a land of mystery than of medieval piety. Despite the most adverse living conditions — life-shortening altitude, grim weather, shortages of food and clothing, and poverty everywhere — Tibetans seem a remarkably sunny people.

Foreigners are eagerly welcomed, even in the holiest of Tibet's holy places, the Jokhang Temple here. People happily pose for visitors, and on a summer evening, after the rainy season's daily downpour, oldsters dance in the streets accompanied by their own singing.

The Tibetans' Buddhist faith seems undiminished by 21 years of forceful repression and the exile of the Dalai Lama after China crushed the Lamaist uprising of 1959. During that time all of the region's 2,400 temples and monasteries were shut down and the 100,000 monks sent out to work. When the Cultural Revolution hit Tibet, along with the rest of Communist China, most holy places were desecrated or demolished.

A delegation of civil officials representing the Dalai Lama, here to check the possibilities for his return from exile in India, reported finding a huge mound of broken Buddha statues outside the god-king's summer palace in Lhasa. A middle-age Tibetan handed a visiting correspondent a note charging that the region's recently-dismissed chief official had departed for China with a truckload of valuables, including jewels. "We saw

all this clearly, but we can't tell anyone here," the note said. "We ask all the visitors from the West to help us."

Such counter-revolutionary acts would bring instant arrest and reeducation in the rest of China. Indeed, thousands of Tibetans are said to have been jailed for such gestures of independence in the past, particularly after the 1959 rebellion led by the Dalai Lama's hierarchy.

The other side of the story, of course, is that until the Peking regime reasserted Chinese authority over Tibet in 1950, the bulk of Tibetans lived in serfdom, their lives literally owned by the estates of noblemen or monasteries. Now they are freemen — schools have been established, highways built and a few industries begun to improve the job opportunities for those wishing to leave their farms or mountain pastures. In short, the serfdom has been ended, if not yet the poverty.

For the moment at least the religious repression also seems over. The new broom of Deng Xiaoping and his moderates in Peking finally reached Lhasa in May, sweeping away leaders installed during the Cultural Revolution. For the past six months Tibetans have been largely free to go their own way, so long as the word independence never passes their lips.

At government expense, the holy places are being restored. The vast Potala, the most holy temple of Jokhang and the world's biggest monastery at nearby Drepung, where 10,000 lamas used to live, are once again staffed with monks on salary from the state. The Red Guards' damage has largely been repaired and the Dalai Lama's bedroom awaits him. Perhaps most indicative of all, devout Tibetans even feel free enough to show their loyalty for the old by prostrating themselves on the ground each time they pass the Dalai Lama's empty palace. Their faith assures them he will soon return.

Street traders openly bargain their wares — jewelry, religious amulets, deadly-looking knives — along the dirt streets. The doors of the state-operated stores on Lhasa's "main" street are plastered with bilingual notices legalizing the free enterprise of local traders. There are only 60 hotel rooms in the country, but the old restrictions on foreigners have been lifted. If you can afford the tariff, which runs to \$200 a day or so, the Lhasa branch of China's travel service will welcome you.

There are by the latest estimates 1,680,000 Tibetans dwelling in this land, which comprises nearly one-eighth the total area of China. They share it with 120,000 Chinese civilians, 120,000 people of other ethnic background, and a powerful military contingent of perhaps 150,000 troops securing the nation's southwest frontier from Pakistan to Burma. Even after 30 years of Chinese efforts at modernization 90 of the region's 400 local government districts lack a single road.

Divers race to raise Swedish ship

TOKKOLM, Oct. 1 (OFNS) — A team of Swedish divers and marine archaeologists are racing to salvage the remains of a 17th-century warship found off the east coast of the Baltic island of Oland. The wreck is lying in 30 meters of water, 200 miles from the Swedish coast, and the Swedes worried its location will become known to sure hunters. The *Kronan* went to the bottom in 1676. It was discovered by Anders Franzen, the man who located the *Wasa*, another seventeenth-century warship, which was raised intact from Stockholm harbor in 1961 and has since become one of the capital's main tourist attractions. The *Kronan* is not in the same category. The wreck is badly broken up and only part is salvageable. Most important are the 128 cannons she is known to have carried. One of these, a bronze six-pounder, has already been

raised. "Cannons of this type are worth hundreds of thousands of dollars on the American antique market," says Franzen. "Visibility is pretty good down there and it would be easy for amateur divers to reach the wreck."

"This one is just a sample of what we are going to bring up. We've spotted several 36-pounders and several bigger guns down there."

Kronan was the largest ship of its time when it was built between 1665 and 1672. On June 1, 1676, she sailed for Oland to take on a combined Danish-Dutch fleet. Her demise was inglorious but spectacular.

Kronan was not particularly seaworthy, a fact the Swedes tend to blame on the English engineer Francis Sheldon, who supervised her construction. While making a dash to cut off the enemy fleet, she listed heavily and water poured in through her gun ports.

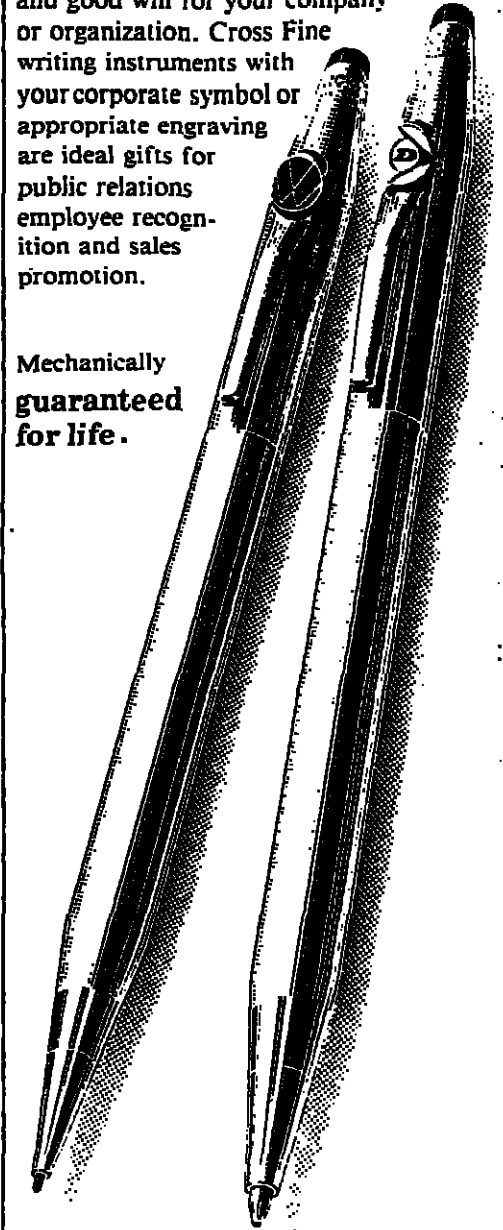


DIVING: Four Thunderbird jets, part of a U.S. Air Force stunt flying team, are into a dive in a performance at Portland, Oregon. A crowd of 20,000 watched the show.

Business gifts in gold

Let the world's finest writing instruments create good business and good will for your company or organization. Cross Fine writing instruments with your corporate symbol or appropriate engraving are ideal gifts for public relations employee recognition and sales promotion.

Mechanically guaranteed for life.



CROSS
SINCE 1846
BUREAU
TAMER

Jeddah 6423981 Riyadh 4024653 Alkhobar 8642115

Black-white lifespan gap lessening

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (AFP) — The difference in life expectancy between blacks and whites in the United States is lessening, according to figures published by the U.S. Health Statistics Center.

Records for 1978 show the gap as 4.8 years, compared with seven years in 1968, but blacks run more than five times the risk of being murdered. The average life expectancy for the nation as a whole is 73.3.

The figures also show that heart disease is still the number one killer, followed by cancer, strokes and accidents.

Easy divorce and gambling laws are

blamed for Nevada's high suicide rate of 24.8 per hundred thousand, almost double the national average of 12.5 in 1978. The lowest rate, 7.2 per hundred thousand, was in New Jersey.

The sunshine state of Florida, a favorite retirement spot, had the country's highest death rate from all causes at 1,103.7 per hundred thousand and the highest average age of 32.3.

At the bottom was Alaska, with a death rate of 411.2 per hundred thousand and an average age of 22.9, well below the national norm of 28.1.



Into the 80's with B.R.C. for:

B.R.C. Fabric®
STRUCTURAL WIRE MESH B.S. D.I.N. & A.S.T.M.
B.R.C. Weldmesh®
GALVANIZED NON-STRUCTURAL MESH
Chain Link Fencing
GALVANIZED - UP TO 3 METERS HIGH

"Build on Our Strength"

BRC ALFADL (SAUDIA) LIMITED
JEDDAH INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
P.O. BOX 5489, TELEX: 401888 BRC SJ
TEL: JEDDAH 46091, RIYADH 65501

SUPPORT
SAUDI
INDUSTRY



MDG-210NT

TRAILER TYPE POWER PLANT



MDG-70NB



MDG-140NB

WEATHER PROTECTED POWER PLANT

MITSUBISHI DIESEL GENERATOR SET

GOOD IN STOCK

70KVA (MDG-70NB)
140KVA (MDG-140NB)
210KVA (MDG-210NT)

Features

- * Brushless excitation
- * Small size and light weight design
- * Easy operation
- * Automatic shutdown

GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR
SPARE PARTS FOR ONE YEAR
OPERATION ARE ATTACHED

STANDARD TOOLS FOR
MAINTENANCE ARE ALSO ATTACHED

If you require further information, please feel free to contact us,

AL AMEEN EST.
DEVELOPMENT & TRADING - RIYADH
Telephones: 4777950 - 4654909 Telex: 201808 AMEEN SJ.

MANUFACTURER:
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION
JAPAN

But not enough to satisfy demand

Record rice, wheat harvest predicted

LONDON, Oct. 1 (R) — World farmers will produce record amounts of rice and wheat this year but poor weather has hit other crops and the total harvest will not satisfy the demand for food.

This is the picture emerging from latest estimates by agricultural organizations for the 1980-81 crop year, which runs from last July to next June.

With harvesting drawing to a close in the Northern Hemisphere, the main food-growing region, the estimates should be fairly close to final output.

The forecasts show that countries have had mixed fortunes with their harvests. Drought in the United States, a principal producer, has severely curtailed some crops, while too much rain has hit the harvest of the Soviet Union, the largest producer of wheat.

However, Western Europe has surprised experts by growing a bumper harvest of grain. Overall, the higher output of wheat and rice is more than counterbalanced by growth in demand from expanding populations and the poor harvests of two key crops, coarse grains and oilseeds.

Total stocks of grain by the end of the present crop year are forecast to fall to their lowest level for five years. The tight supply of food crops in 1981 is very likely to drive up prices, agricultural experts believe. And in

poorer areas millions will very probably continue to go hungry.

Wheat and rice are the staple foods of about 40 per cent of the world's population. But coarse grains, which include barley and maize and oilseeds such as soybeans, are vital for animal feed and manufacturing some types of food.

Experts believe that much of the extra production of wheat this year will have to be diverted to animal feed.

Predictions from a variety of organizations, including the International Wheat Council (IWC) and the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), suggest total world production of wheat this year will be around 450 million tons. This is about 25 million tons more than last year and equal to the record set in 1978-79.

Output has risen because a larger area of wheat has been planted and conditions have been fairly favorable. The drought in the U.S., by far the largest exporter, came too late to cut production severely.

The forecasts say that rice output will reach a record of about 395 million tons, some 20 million tons more than last year. Heavy rainfall in key producing countries in Asia, including China, India, Thailand and Indonesia, helped growth.

Output of coarse grains and oilseeds, how-

ever, has not only fallen below targets but also below last year's levels. World production of coarse grain is expected to be around 721 million tons, down from 728 million tons in 1979-80. Oilseed output will be around 164 million tons compared with 177 million last year.

A chief reason has been drought in the U.S., the major producer of both types of crop. The falls in world production are more than accounted for by drops in U.S. output.

A fierce drought, together with a searing heatwave in southern areas, gripped much of the agricultural heartland of the United States during the summer months.

By the end of the crop year in June 1981, total stocks of grain may be down to about 191 million tons, the lowest level since 1975-76, the USDA believes.

The U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) says such stock levels will be well below the minimum needed for world food security. However, millions will be short of food this year and every year not because of an unsatisfactory harvest but because of the world's underlying economic problems and the difficulty of moving grain where it is needed.

Some important uncertainties still hang over the 1980-81 harvest. Among these is the performance of the Soviet Union, vital because the country has the world's second largest total grain output and usually consumes even more than it produces.

The Soviet grain harvest should reach around 205 million tons, Western experts say. This is well above last year's very poor crop of 179 million tons but equally far below the target of 235 million tons.

Increasing problems have hit the Soviet harvest. After a wet summer, unusually cold weather has begun to spread across the country. Official sources have complained of poor use of machinery and in some areas sowing of winter wheat is well behind schedule.

The Southern Hemisphere harvest is also yet to come. Australia, the largest exporter of wheat after the U.S. and Canada, is suffering a severe drought. The country's wheat board has reduced its forecast of exports to about 10 million tons from 15 million last year.

Market trading moderate

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 — After the slide of recent days, the market was Tuesday received in moderate trading. There was some encouragement on the inflation front with farm prices up 1.9 per cent in September. While still an increase, the rise was less than the 3.6 per cent jump in August and July 5.5 per cent surge.

The Dow Jones industrials bounced back 10.50 to end at 932.42. The Dow transportation index recovered 5.10 points to 33.87, and utilities edged up .44 to 107.82. The New York Stock Exchange index added 1.01 to 72.27, the Nasdaq composite rose 1.97 to 187.76, and the Amex closed higher at 329.91, up 5.33. Breadth was positive with higher issues leading declining issues by better than 2 to 1. Volume was lower at 40 shares vs 46 million shares Monday. London gold was weaker at 666.75, down 12.50.

Though a leading indicator Monday, England's Minerals was among the largest gainers at 54.4 up 4.4. Superior Oil of California also a big loser Monday, slumped at 21.5, climbing 1.1. However, the Morningstar index posted impressive gains at 58.4 up 4.4, and Home Mines climbed 4.4 to 122.4. Precious Metals share at 61.4, up 4.4. Among other gold issues Amex jumped 3.4 to 42.4 and Campbell Red Lake at 73.

Active oil stocks included Mobil, up 1.3 to 73.4, and Atlantic Richfield, up 2.4 to 52.4. Standard Oil of Ohio jumped 3.4, Getty added 2 to 66.4, and Exxon was up 1.4 to 75.4. Texaco closed 36, closing up 1.4.

Supplied by Merrill Lynch International Co. Bahrain.

Report finds Swiss best paid workers

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AP) — The Swiss are by far the best-paid workers in the industrial world, followed by the Dutch and the West Germans, according to a report published Wednesday. Bottom of the list came the Portuguese, who earn half as much as the next worst-paid workers, the Greeks.

Published by Inbucan, a firm of British management consultants, the report covers earnings in 20 industrialized countries and gives the average annual wage in pounds for each.

Switzerland, which tops the league of affluence, pays its workers an average 15,357 pounds (\$36,549) a year, according to the report.

Dutchmen are next better off, averaging more than one thousand pounds less at 14,205 pounds (\$33,807) a year. In West Germany, the average annual wage is 13,582 pounds (\$32,325) says the report.

But in Portugal, workers average only 2,042 pounds (\$4,859) a year, less than half amount earned in Greece — 19th on the list — where the average wage is 4,237 pounds (\$10,084) a year.

The United States comes exactly halfway down the list in 10th place, its workers averaging 9,644 pounds (\$22,952) a year, according to Inbucan.

And despite the fact that London is fast becoming one of the world's most expensive cities, Britain is way down in 15th place in the pay scale with average annual earnings of just 7,266 pounds (\$17,293) the report says. Apart from Portugal and Greece, only in Ireland, Spain and Italy are living costs lower than in Britain, it adds.

When Inbucan last surveyed costs one year ago, London was average-priced, coming about half-way down in a review of 26 major cities.

Now, says the firm, only Tokyo, Zurich, Hamburg, Dusseldorf, Copenhagen and Oslo are more costly than the British capital.

Foreign Exchange Rates			
Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Wednesday			
	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
Bahraini Dinar	—	—	8.90
Belgian Franc (1,000)	114.00	118.00	—
Canadian Dollar	2.83	—	—
Deutsche Mark (100)	183.00	185.00	184.25
Dutch Guilder (100)	173.00	—	169.70
Egyptian Pound	—	4.35	4.30
Emirati Dirham (100)	—	90.25	90.20
French Franc (100)	76.00	80.00	79.50
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	80.00	—
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	43.10
Iranian Rial (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	9.50	—
Italian Lira (10,000)	36.00	39.00	38.80
Japanese Yen (1,000)	16.00	—	15.80
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.35	11.37
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	—	12.45
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	96.50	96.65
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	88.50	85.50
Pakistan Rupee (100)	—	—	33.75
Philippine Peso (100)	—	—	44.50
Pound Sterling	7.94	8.00	7.97
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	91.45	91.40
Singapore Dollar	—	—	1.58
Spanish Peso (1,000)	—	49.00	45.75
Swiss Franc (100)	201.00	202.50	202.25
Syrian Lira (100)	—	77.00	85.50
Turkish Lira (1,000)	—	44.00	—
U.S. Dollar	3.32	3.33	3.325
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	73.15	72.95
Gold kg.	—	73,200.00	—
10 Tola bar	—	8,550.00	—
Silver kg.	—	—	—

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Jeddah.

St. Jeddah — Tel. 23815.

Industrial states can cope with oil cutoff, IEA says

PARIS, Oct. 1 (AFP) — Industrialized countries can deal with a prolonged interruption of Iraqi and Iranian oil exports, due to higher than ever oil supplies, the executive director of the International Energy Agency (IEA) has said here.

In a news conference Tuesday, Ulf Lantze said the situation would be "manageable" even if the shutoff of Iranian and Iraqi oil exports continued until the end of the year.

Kuwait lends \$250m to Yugoslavia

BELGRADE, Oct. 1 (R) — Yugoslavia has obtained a \$250 million loan from Kuwait to help it raise foreign currency reserves and payment abroad, officials said. An agreement to that effect was signed here Tuesday by the National Bank of Yugoslavia and a Kuwaiti state corporation, the

Stored oil products of the 21 industrialized member-nations of the IEA reached 460 million metric tons by late September, equivalent to 110 to 120 days of oil consumption.

During early 1979, when Iran cut oil production in half, these countries only had 395 million tons, or 95 days of consumption. Since then, oil consumption declined six per cent in industrialized countries, Lantze said. Oil supplies now in tankers at sea total 40 million tons, he added.

Japanese cutting car sales to U.K.

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AFP) — Japanese motor manufacturers have begun to restrict their sales in Britain appreciably following complaints that their sales were soaring.

Trade sources said that their share of the market was believed to have fallen to about 12.5 per cent of the market this month, compared with 19.7 per cent in August. Datsun was said to have reduced its figure from 10.9 per cent to slightly more than 6 per cent.

First step toward takeover Union to block Fiat plants

ROME Oct. 1 (AP) — A Communist-led autoworkers union protesting layoffs vowed Tuesday to block the entrances of all Fiat factories in what a union leader said "could be the first step" toward occupying the plants of Italy's largest private employer.

President Sandro Pertini, meanwhile, struggled with the political and economic crisis which brought down the government Saturday and met with major party leaders to try to put together a new government, the 40th since World War II.

The Communist-led National Metalworkers Federation (FLM) said it would picket 26 factories in six cities Wednesday to keep blue and white collar workers from entering and to keep finished goods from leaving the plants.

"It could be a first step toward the takeover of Fiat factories," an FLM spokesman said. The FLM, with 1.5 million members nation-

wide, is protesting the layoff of 22,884 Fiat workers.

Fiat, which employs 360,000 workers, immediately condemned FLM's planned blockade as "incomprehensible and irresponsible" and said the layoffs were "temporary and necessary."

The three-month layoffs, to take effect Monday, were spurred by slumping auto sales on foreign markets.

In the northern city of Desio, several hundred striking blue collar workers at a Fiat auto plants forced a few dozen white collar workers to leave their offices. There were no reports of violence.

Workers at the Turin Fiat factories staged wildcat strikes again Tuesday, idling production for the 19th straight day. The labor tensions were expected to ease this week after Fiat suspended its plans to fire more than 14,000 workers, but workers continued to protest the temporary layoffs.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Municipality of Riyadh	Illumination of localities in the interior	7/40D/11	200	Oct. 5
Directorate of the National Guard, Riyadh	Construction of office building in the Eastern Province	11/400/401	1000	Oct. 7
Ministry of Agriculture and Water	Supply of six mobile veterinary clinics	1/5	200	Oct. 4
Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs	Temporary asphalted of some villages in the Jazan Valley complex	11/400	1500	Nov. 4
Ministry of Health	Supply of medical equipment and x-ray films	663	1000	Oct. 29
Ministry of Education	Construction of buildings to house the Direct-rates of Education in Medina and Al-Washm	10/M	10000	Nov. 8

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON 1ST OCTOBER, 1980

VESSELS DISCHARGING: 22ND D. QIDAH, 1400.			
VESSEL	AGENT	TYPE OF CARGO	ARRIVAL DATE
Char Yeung	Abdallah	Ctrs/Steel/Ply/Tiles	27-9-80
Amali	El Hawi	Durra	29-9-80
Partnership	Bamaodah	Barley	29-9-80
Kota Manis	O.C.E.	General	28-9-80
An Hsing	O.C.E.	Ctrs/Steel/General	29-9-80
Asia Eeho	Gulf	P'wood/Gen/St.pipes/	27-9-80
Kawachi Maru	Alireza	Containers	30-9-80
Zeus 1	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	16-9-80
Molda	Alsabah	Bulk Cement	27-9-80
Maldiva Noble	O.Trade	Timber/Plywood	29-9-80
Philippa	Red Sea	Cement/Marble/General	26-9-80
Union Caribbean	O.C.E.	Ctr/Timber/St/Gen	30-9-80
Eastern Maid	Algezirah	M. Homes/Bgd.meal/Gen	22-9-80
Pampero Universal	O.C.E.	Reefer	28-9-80
Emanuel	O.C.E.	Reefer	24-9-80
Svanur	Abadullah	Reefer	28-9-80
Atlantic Freezer	O.C.E.	Reefer	25-9-80
Nedlloyd Rouen	Alatas	Contrs/RoRo units	01-10-80
Medo	Fayez	General	29-9-80
Reefer Star	O.C.E.	Tobacco/Pipes/General	29-9-80
Rafaela	Red Sea	Contrs/M.Powder-General	29-9-80
Mona	Sadaka	Durra	29-9-80
Ibn Qutaibah	Kanoo	Ctrs/Steel/F.lifts/Gen	29-9-80

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT DAMMAM

SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS OF 22/11/1400—1/10/1980 — CHANGES

PAST 24 HOURS

1—VESSELS DISCHARGING:				
B.No.	Name of the Ship	Agents	Type of Cargo	Arr.Date
10	Kota Sejarah	Gulf	Loading Urea	25-9-80
15	Maldiva Sea	UEP	Gen/Rice in Bags	30-9-80
20	New Man	Gosaibi	Bagged Cement	25-9-80
21	Pacific Importer (DB)	AET	Bulk Cement	30-9-80
29	Al Amiriah	Barber	Cars	30-9-80
32	Al Messilah	Kanoo	Sheep	1-10-80
33	Wakanami Maru	Alireza	General	1-10-80
36	Pelusa (DB)	SMC	Bulk Cement	20-9-80
38	Angeliki	Kanoo	Bulk Bauzide	28-9-80

At last a real tour operator has arrived in the Gulf.

Kenya, Seychelles, South Pacific, Europe, U.S.A. and a host of other exciting destinations.

For the very first time a truly professional tour operator has been launched in the Gulf with the backing of over a 100 years experience in the Travel business. So contact your local reputable travel agent and pick up your range of exciting full colour brochures, then choose your destination and leave the rest to us.

Call your travel agent NOW.

جالتشيف لاون السايدي
SUNSHINE TOURS
The Gulf at heart. The world at large

Need lighting? Come to GTE for ARABIAN SUN Portable Lighting

- Engineered for long life under desert conditions
- Heavy duty chassis and components... easily maintained
- Brilliant 440,000 lumens illumination
- Dual use: day... power, night... light
- Equipment and parts available immediately from large inventories

Your best source for quality American construction equipment, products and systems.

General Trading & Equipment Est.
King Abdul Aziz Boulevard, Alkhobar
Mailing address: P.O. Box 194, Dhahran Airport, Saudi Arabia
Phone: (03) 86-46816 Alkhobar, Telex 670119 ASIACO SJ

Riyadh Sales Office:
Mailing address: P.O. Box 41307, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia
Phone: (01) 478-8481

Catch-22 in fight with Ali

Holmes sure to 'lose'

LAS VEGAS, Oct. 1 (AP) — Larry Holmes approaches the defense of his World Boxing Council heavyweight championship Thursday night in something of a can't win situation.

If he defeats Muhammad Ali, he knows critics will say Ali, at age 38, is over the hill making the victory a hollow one.

If he loses to Ali, he knows critics will say Holmes never was much of a champion anyway, beating inferior opponents on the road to the throne.

Holmes is fully aware of the catch-22 situa-

tion. "I will win," he says rather matter-of-factly, "because I'd rather have them say I beat an old Ali than to have them say an old Ali beat a young Larry Holmes."

Holmes is one month short of his 31st birthday, not exactly young by sports standards. But he is eight years younger than Ali and those years could make a difference over the course of 15 rounds.

"I'm young and strong and full of endurance," said Holmes, dipping into a little Ali-type poetry. "He needs insurance."

Well, maybe not insurance, but certainly Ali will need all his tools Thursday night. And the suspicion in Holmes' camp is that two years away from the ring will have rusted those tools for Ali.

Since Ali won back the WBA version of the title in September, 1978, he has been idle. Over that same period, Holmes has won seven fights and none of those bouts have gone the distance.

"This is the fourth fight this year," Holmes said. "I've been very active and I'm good."

And yet there are those people around the fight game who wonder just how good Holmes really is. Critics point to his flat-footed, straight-up style. He is not what you would call fast, certainly not as fast as Ali was in his prime.

The list of people he has beaten is hardly awe-inspiring. His last two defenses have been against Leroy Jones and Scott Ledoux, a pair of journeyman heavyweights. Ali laughs at the names and rattles off his own list of opponents — a heavyweight who's who that starts with Sonny Liston, includes Joe Frazier and Ken Norton three times each, George Foreman, and a host of others. "I've been in so many wars," Ali signed. "This is his first pressure fight."

Perhaps with that in mind, Ali has been hard at work weaving a web of psychological warfare, saying he will keep right on talking in the ring. Holmes laughs it off, saying it won't work on him.

"I'm not into clowning," the champion said. "If he talks to me, he's gonna get his jaw broken like he did by Norton."

Technically, Holmes has plenty going for him. He owns an excellent left jab and puts combination punches together very well. There is thunder in his right uppercut, the punch he used to beat Mike Weaver in a fight in which he was in trouble.

He also takes a good punch and has the ability to come back, a talent he displayed coming off the floor to beat Earnie Shavers and rallying to knock out Weaver.

Pacing could be a problem for the champion. He fights early and if the fight wears on, he could tire. But he has sparred long and hard for this fight and seems to be in topflight condition.

"I'm gonna knock him out," pledges Holmes, "and when I whip Ali, they'll say I whipped an old man."

Kuwait takes Asian Cup

KUWAIT, Oct. 1 (R) — Kuwait Tuesday became the first Arab team to win the Asian Cup in soccer when it scored a brilliant 3-0 triumph over South Korea.

After only eight minutes the unstoppable Kuwaitis burst into the lead. Jassim Ya'qoub on the right centred the ball to Muhammad Karam, Karam headed it to Saad Al-Hadi five yards from the goal and he rocketed it into the net.

The South Koreans hit back, far from overwhelmed, but the Kuwait defense proved unbeatable. In the 34th minute a mistake by the Korean defense gave Kuwait its second goal. Jassim Ya'qoub picked up a pass by the defenders and slipped it to Faisal Dekeel, who booted it home.

Foul play marred the game after the half-time as South Korea fought to narrow the Kuwait lead. In the 66th minute, Dekeel netted the winner of a pass from Ya'qoub but the South Koreans protested that Ya'qoub had been offside.

Stanford coach gets UPI honor

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (UPI) — Stanford head coach Paul Wiggins earned UPI's Coach of the Week honors for leading his Cardinals to a stunning 31-14 victory over mighty Oklahoma Saturday.

Wiggins says he had doubts about making a good showing against Oklahoma after Stanford got whipped by Boston College a week earlier. Wiggins says had Stanford played the sooner on the Cardinals' field, he would have felt more confident. But he says "you don't have any idea what it's like playing on a strange field until you've been to Norman. That's a whole different world there."

"He takes little credit for the victory. In his words, 'It was a fabulous team effort. It was a dramatic high, a real confidence builder.'"



ON THE FIELD: Juan Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee, joins other sports officials this summer for some soccer action.

Samaranch taking over New IOC chief eyes future

MONTE CARLO, Monaco, Oct. 1 (AP) — In two weeks, Juan Antonio Samaranch will end his duties as Spanish ambassador to Moscow and give all his time to heading the International Olympic Committee (IOC).

Samaranch, 60, will be the first president to live headquarters in Lausanne since the founder of the modern games, the late Frenchman Baron Pierre de Coubertin, made his home in Lausanne during the last part of his life.

Lord Killam, Samaranch's predecessor, lived in Dublin and kept in touch with the IOC office by telex and occasional visits.

Samaranch has to try to bind the Olympic movement together following the battering it took during the political boycott of the games in Moscow this summer. He said he was encouraged by a meeting of the IOC's tripartite commission, which ended Tuesday in Monte Carlo.

Representatives of the IOC, the National Olympic Committees and the international sports federations all called for unity in the cause of sport in the future.

The meeting reviewed the Moscow games and the boycott led by the United States and involving about 60 countries, following the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

A statement issued at the end of the meeting said: "The commission declared itself in defense of sport."

Samaranch himself said that by seeing the Moscow games through despite the boycott, the IOC had made itself stronger than before.

In December, Samaranch plans a visit to Los Angeles, where the 1984 summer games are being staged.

Meanwhile, he is in constant correspondence with Killam and is planning for next year's Olympic movement will be discussed.

Baltimore beats Boston as Yanks fall to Indians

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (AP) — The Baltimore Orioles kept the heat on the New York Yankees and their hopes alive in the American League East race, pulling closer to the front-runners with an 11-6 victory over the Boston Red Sox Tuesday night.

Coupled with the Yankee loss at Cleveland, the Orioles — 5½ games behind and virtually counted out of the race just last Saturday pulled within 2½ games of the leaders.

Ken Singleton, Eddie Murray and Dan Graham homered to lead a 15-hit attack for the Orioles. Baltimore starter Mike Flanagan, 16-13, was staked to 10 runs in the first five innings. The Orioles ripped Boston starter Steve Renko, for eight hits and seven runs, finally knocking out the veteran right-hander in a five-run fourth.

Mike Hargrove's bases-loaded single highlighted a four-run eighth inning that carried the Indians over the Yankees. The loss kept the Yankees' magic number for clinching the AL East at three.

Sid Monge, 3-4, was the winner while New York reliever Rich Gossage, 6-2, surrendered four runs in the eighth inning of the see-saw game and took the loss.

Elsewhere in the AL, Alan Trammell hit two home runs and Champ Summers and Al Cowens added solo shots as the Detroit Tigers defeated the Toronto Blue Jays 5-3.

Mike Heath drove in two runs with a sixth-inning triple and Rickey Henderson broke a 65-year-old AL record by stealing his 97th base of the season as the Oakland A's beat the Chicago White Sox 5-1.

George Brett's three-run homer in the last of the 14th led the Kansas City Royals to a 7-5 victory over the Seattle Mariners.

Ben Ogilvie hit his 39th home run of the season, tops in the American League, as he defeated the California Angels 4-2.

The Minnesota-Texas game was rained out.

In the National League, unbeaten rookie pitcher Marty Bystrom won his fifth game since coming to the majors on Aug. 1 as the Philadelphia Phillies walloped the Chicago Cubs 14-2 and remained a half-game over the Montreal Expos.

The Expos defeated the St. Louis Cardinals as triples by Rodney Scott and Andre Dawson ignited a five-run, sixth-inning rally.

Turnbull needs comeback to win

BLOOMINGTON, Minn., Oct. 1 (AP) — Third-seeded Wendy Turnbull of Australia survived a first-round scare from unseeded American Pam Teeguarden Tuesday night to advance in the U.S. women's indoor tennis championships.

After losing the first set 1-6, Turnbull came back with 6-4, 6-2 sets for the victory.

In other action during the second day of first round play, second-seeded Billie Jean King of the United States downed 20-year-old Peanut Louie of the United States 7-6, 6-3.

First seeded American Tracy Austin and fourth-seeded Dianne Fromholtz of Australia won their opening-round matches Monday.

Teeguarden, ranked 35th in the world's computer ratings, used an impressive array of offensive shots and totally dominated net play in the first set as seventh-ranked Turnbull managed to win only her first service.

Relying on a serve and volley game of her own, Turnbull regained her offensive composure in the second set. She matched Teeguarden's successful services game for game until she finally broke service at 5-4 of the set to even the match.

Turks win volleyball, get first Islamic gold

IZMIR, Turkey, Oct. 1 (R) — Turkey won the first gold medal of the Islamic Games here when its women's volleyball team beat Malaysia 3-0 Tuesday. Malaysia took the silver medal.

Other volleyball results: Turkey 3, Bangladesh 0; Saudi Arabia 3, Pakistan 0; Libya 3, Cyprus (Turkish federated state) 0.

Basketball

Turkey 105, Saudi Arabia 53; Pakistan 83, Libya 58; Algeria 84, Malaysia 69.

saudi business

A Local Magazine of International Standard

THIS WEEK

- Sheep shipping boom
- OPEC's running challenge
- Politics enters energy talk
- Helicopter firm purchase
- House crunch plagues Jakarta
- OIC studies joint ventures
- Saudi Arabian government tenders

Read Saudi Business in its new format and cover and you'll feel that you are reading a prestigious magazine published in London, Paris or New York.

Don't forget you have an appointment with Saudi Business every Saturday.

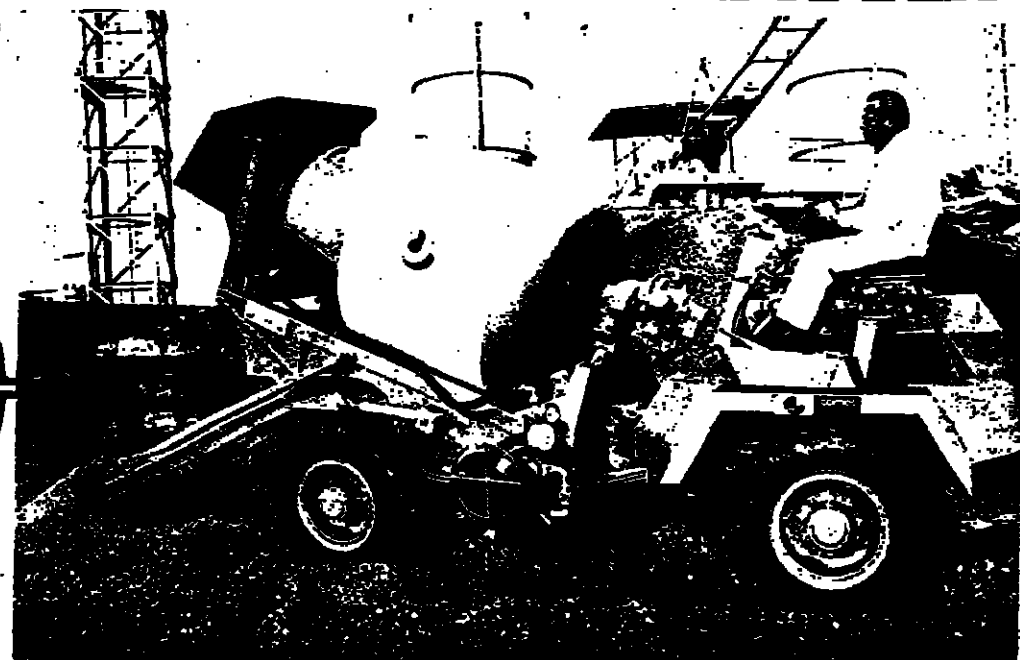
AVAILABLE IN ALL BOOKSTORES, KIOSKS AND NEWSPAPER STANDS.

comet opera

SELF LOADING MIXER

TRANSIT

yield
2200
litres



SPECIAL FEATURES

- SELF LOADING WITH CLAMSHELL BUCKET-SAVE TIME AND MATERIAL
- ARTICULATED JOINT MAKES OPERATION VERSATILE
- EASE OF OPERATION ON DIFFICULT LOCATION-A FOUR WHEEL DRIVE
- IDEAL FOR PROJECTS WITH BATCHING PLANT OR WITHOUT
- BACKED BY SPARES AND ON SITE MAINTENANCE BY OUR COMPETENT ENGINEERS.

save TIME & MONEY add PROFITABILITY RELIABILITY

For further information and demonstration contact:

I-MAN EST.

RIYADH, C.R. 9003 P.O. BOX 3030 TEL. 4025011-403910
AL KHOBAR, TEL. 8649232
JEDDAH, PRINCE FAHD STREET.

Saudi Concordia Line

ANNOUNCES THE ARRIVAL OF THE
UNDER-MENTIONED VESSELS, ON
THE DATES PRESCRIBED HERE BELOW.

CONCORDIA STAR

voy: 121/05

CALLING PORT

DAMMAM

E.T.A. E.T.D.
5-10-80 7-10-80

Consignees are hereby kindly requested to produce the original
Bill of Lading duly endorsed or bank guarantee, in order to obtain
relative delivery orders to avoid any demurrage on the cargo.
For more information, please contact:

Al Sabah Maritime Services Co. Ltd.

P.O. BOX 4047, DAMMAM, TEL: 83-31243/83-2466
TELEX: 601559 SAFAR SJ/ 601744 ZOOMA SJ.
CABLE: SUNARABIA.

NOTICE TO FAMILY COMPOUNDS IN THE EASTERN PROVINCE

Interested in distributing
Arab News in your compound !!
Please contact Keith at our
Al-Khobar Office — Tel : 8642991

CHILEAN WHITE SOFT WOOD

We have the pleasure to
announce that we have been
appointed sole representatives
by CIMAS GROUP FOR
CHILEAN WHITE SOFT WOOD
which is regularly shipped to
Saudi Arabia and other Middle-East
ports in bulk quantity.

FOR PROMPT SHIPMENT AND COMPETITIVE
CNF PRICES CONTACT:



**M/S. ARABIAN
TRADING CORPORATION**
P.O. BOX 5894, TEL: 24856, TELEX: 401539 GULBCO
CABLE: "GHULOBSCO JEDDAH"

WANTED

A MAJOR COMPUTER COMPANY IN SAUDI ARABIA IS
LOOKING FOR THE FOLLOWING:

- 1- Minicomputer Hardware Salesman
 - Must have field experience of five years.
 - Fully capable of operating individually.
 - Software experience a must.
- 2- Systems Sales Representative
 - Must be capable of conversing fluently in application systems.
 - Knowledge of basic Systems Software under IBM.
 - Experience in Sales support of over five years.
- 3- Programmer/Analyst
 - Knowledge of IBM environment.
 - OS/VS operating system.
 - Total data base.
 - Online applications.
 - Experience of over five years.

ALL ABOVE POSITIONS ARE CHALLENGING AND PAID WELL.

CONTACT:— Computer Applications
P.O. Box: 1935 Jeddah, Saudi Arabia
Telephone: (02) 6448331

ANNOUNCEMENT DALLAH AVCO TRANS ARABIA HAS VACANCIES OF "OPERATORS, INFLIGHT INFORMATION SYSTEM" AT JEDDAH, GIZAN, AND JOUF WORK SITES.

- Applicants should meet the following requirements.
- 1- Should have Intermediate School Certificate.
 - 2- Should be fluent in both English and Arabic languages.
 - 3- Age should be above (18) eighteen years.
 - 4- Should either be Saudi national or expatriates holding legal valid and transferable residence permit (Iqama).
 - 5- Applications, attached with educational and experience certificates, should be submitted immediately and personally to Personnel Department — Company Headquarters — Palestine Road near Lona Park.

For any further inquiry please contact telephone 6692628
Extension: 323.

دلالة أفكو
TRANS ARABIA

Enjoy genuine
Chinese dishes
(NEW
CANTONESE
STYLE)
in a delightful
atmosphere.
Excellent
take-away
and catering
service.

CHINESE PALACE RESTURANT
CHINESE RESTAURANT, SITIN ROAD, JEDDAH, TEL: 6655942



Final Exit

AL SHARKIA DEVELOPMENT
COMPANY announces that Mr. Thomas
B. Kenan has resigned and is given a
final exit only. Any body who may have
any complain or claim toward Mr. Kenan
should present himself to this company
within a week from publishing date.

P. O. Box : 6100 - Jeddah - Saudi Arabia - Tel. : 6683249 - Telex : 400430 SJ

Are you looking for office accommodation? THE SAMMAN CENTER

Al Hamra Street
Opp. Ministry of Planning
Should be on the top of your list
To view this superb building, contact:
Telephone: 6692207 — Jeddah.

ASEC السبك

CEMENT ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS

The ARAB SWISS ENGINEERING COMPANY "ASEC, Cairo/
Egypt, sister company of the worldwide cement engineering orga-
nization, "HOLDERBANK" MANAGEMENT & CONSULTING
LTD., Switzerland, urgently requires qualified technical staff
for its cement engineering projects in Egypt.

- * PROJECT MANAGERS / CHIEF RESIDENT ENGINEERS.
- * PROJECT ENGINEERS.
- * DESIGNERS / DRAUGHTSMEN.

All applicants should be well qualified with minimum five to ten
years' professional experience in the cement industry. A good
command of English is essential, knowledge of Arabic an asset.

We can offer challenging positions to candidates with initiative and
enterprise, who are willing to take full responsibility for large
cement works projects in Egypt. Attractive salary and contract
conditions, immediate start of work.

Please send your handwritten application together with a recent
photo to ARAB SWISS ENGINEERING COMPANY, P.O. Box
4, CH-5200 Brugg/Switzerland, Tel. 056 418471.

announcement

EUROSYSTEM HEALTH CONSORTIUM

ANNOUNCES
THE RESIGNATION OF
MR. FAES HEDWIG
AS A MANAGER OF JEDDAH OFFICE
AND
CHIEF ACCOUNTANT
WITH EFFECT FROM
OCTOBER 2, 1980.

THE COMPANY WISHES
TO ASSURE ALL OF ITS CLIENTS
THAT
IT SHALL CONTINUE TO PROVIDE
ITS USUAL SERVICES
AND
TO PERFORM ITS DUTIES
AND
OBLIGATIONS DILLIGENTLY.

EUROSYSTEM HEALTH CONSORTIUM

P.O. Box: 6342, Macaroni Street, Jeddah.
Telephones: 6605011 - 6659406

EQUIPMENT FOR SALE

AN ASSORTMENT OF WELL
MAINTAINED USED CONSTRUCTION
EQUIPMENT LOCATED IN JEDDAH.

THIS INCLUDES DOZERS, GRADERS, EXCAVATORS,
JIGGER BACK HOES OF DIFFERENT SIZES AND
MODELS, KOMATSU, POCLAIN CASE, MASSEY
FERGUSON, ROLLERS, MOBILE CONCRETE MIXERS,
GENERATORS, COMPRESSORS, MOBILE WORKSHOP,
MOBILE ACCOMMODATION UNITS, HEAVY
CONSTRUCTION TRANSPORT AND PASSENGER VEHICLES
MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CALL

ISSA FUKHOURY OR ZAFAR AHSAN
TEL: 6657000 - 6657215 JEDDAH

BETTY BAILEY

BLONDIE

B.C.

HAGAR

SMALL SOCIETY

WIZARD

DUNAGIN'S PEOPLE



"IT IS THE OPINION OF THE DEBATE COMMITTEE THAT THE EMPTY CHAIR WON."

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

Fortune Favors Fred

South dealer.
North-South vulnerable.

NORTH
 ♠ 6
 ♥ A 10 8 4
 ♦ J 3
 ♣ J 10 9 5 4 3

EAST
 ♠ A 10 7 4
 ♥ —
 ♦ K 10 8 5 2
 ♣ 8 7 6 2

SOUTH
 ♠ K Q J 9 8 2
 ♥ K Q 7 6 3
 ♦ —
 ♣ A K

The bidding:
 South West North East
 1 ♠ 2 ♠ Pass 6 ♠ Pass
 5 ♠ Pass 6 ♠ Pass
 Pass Dble

Opening lead — ace of diamonds.

Here is a hand reported by Dr. James Farrack in the British Bridge Magazine. As usual, the doctor casts his favorite character, Fred, in the role of hero.

Fred was the dealer and opened one spade. It is true that most players would have opened two spades, but Fred was seldom inclined to do what most players would do.

West overcalled with two diamonds and East raised the ante to five. This development did not faze Fred, who bid five hearts in what can best be described as a forcing voice.

North thereupon came to life and raised Fred to six hearts, which West doubled after two passes. West then led the ace of diamonds. Fred ruffed, of course, and played the king of hearts, East showing out. It is probably true that most declarers at this point would have shifted their attention to spades, but this thought did not cross Fred's mind.

Instead he cashed the ace of clubs. When West's queen fell on it, Fred's face lit up like a Christmas tree. Situations of this type were a source of great joy to him and Fred proceeded to bring home the contract in his customary bang-bang style.

He led the heart six and finessed the eight. Then, after ruffing the jack of hearts, he led the seven and finessed the ten. After Fred now cashed the ace of hearts, discarding his king of clubs on it, he was able to run dummy's five remaining clubs and thus score twelve tricks.

During the post-mortem, when Fred was asked why he had not tried to establish the spades instead of the clubs, he replied, "What spades?"

©1990 King Features Syndicate, Inc.

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake
FOR THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1990

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth Sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈
 Fortunate developments on the job and around home base make this a fine day. Avoid hasty decisions re joint finances.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉
 An optimistic frame of mind helps you in all activities. Romance is favored, but domestic life also requires your careful attention.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20) ♊
 Implement new work projects. Save time for an old friend. Avoid a p.m. tendency to scatter your energies.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22) ♋
 Personal initiative brings you gain. A fascinating introduction possible. Watch a p.m. tendency to be improvident with funds.

LEO (July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌
 Keep financial plans under wraps. Avoid a confrontation over a domestic matter. Be optimistic, but don't let success go to your head.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍
 The social sphere brings you new friends. Success through willpower, but watch accompanying nervous strain. Get sufficient p.m. rest.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎
 Your creativity works to your advantage. Opportunity arises suddenly. Watch what you say when guard among new acquaintances.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ♏
 Important news from a distance. Some receive an invitation for travel. Career requires conservative tactics. Don't take things for granted.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) ♐
 Business affairs should prosper, but one plan should be kept under wraps. Avoid premature moves. Old friends your best bet for advice.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) ♑
 Enjoy a chance to increase your circle of friends. Partnership matters bring pleasant surprises. Watch judgment in the late p.m.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) ♒
 Begin new work projects. The unexpected works to your advantage. Careerwise, if socializing, keep some things to yourself.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♓
 Unexpected romantic introductions possible. You may meet someone from afar. Don't be self-indulgent in the p.m. Be protective of health.

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 One of the Carters

5 Oriental nurses

10 Abbe or Lois

11 Jai alai

13 English river

14 Tug of war player

15 Craving

16 Empty talk

17 German noun

18 Rousseau work

20 Singing syllable

21 Tough question

23 Carriage

24 Nautical direction

25 Attack

26 — Velez

27 Roundly formed

28 Fatima's mate

29 German poet

31 A scholar's arrival time

32 Table scrap

33 Alonzo, to pals

34 Puzzlement

38 Rockefeller giveaway

39 N.B.A. results

DOWN

2 Style of hairdo

4 "The Great Compromiser"

6 Possess

8 Personally

9 Sty

12 Equipped

15 Encircle

19 Mother (Fr.)

21 Taste senses

22 Wealth

23 Suffix for discuss

25 Cut

29 Epic poet

30 Obliterate

34 Baseball's Moreno

35 "Camelot" star

37 Irish sweetheart

38 Genetic initials

Yesterday's Answer

12 Equipped

15 Encircle

19 Mother (Fr.)

21 Taste senses

22 Wealth

23 Suffix for discuss

25 Cut

29 Epic poet

30 Obliterate

34 Baseball's Moreno

35 "Camelot" star

37 Irish sweetheart

38 Genetic initials

arab news CALENDAR

DHAHRAN TV

SAUDI RADIO

THURSDAY	THURSDAY	THURSDAY
<p>8:30 Children's Show</p> <p>8:31 Children's Feature</p> <p>8:32 Health & Nutrition</p> <p>8:33 Family Hour Festival</p> <p>8:34 Sports Special</p> <p>8:35 Second Run Theater</p>	<p>8:00 News Roundup</p> <p>8:05 Reports: Actualities</p> <p>8:10 Opinions: Analyses</p> <p>8:15 Dailies</p> <p>8:20 News Summary</p> <p>8:25 Special English</p> <p>8:30 News, Feature, The Making of a Nation</p> <p>8:35 News Summary</p> <p>8:40 Music USA (Standards)</p> <p>8:45 News Roundup</p> <p>8:50 Reports: Actualities</p> <p>8:55 Opinions: Analyses</p>	<p>8:00 World News</p> <p>8:05 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary</p> <p>8:30 Sarah Ward</p> <p>8:45 World Today</p> <p>9:00 Newsdesk</p> <p>9:05 Opera Star</p> <p>9:10 World News</p> <p>9:15 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary</p> <p>10:30 Sarah Ward</p> <p>10:45 Something to Show You</p> <p>11:00 World News</p> <p>11:05 Reflections</p> <p>11:15 Piano Style</p> <p>11:30 Brain of Britain 1978</p> <p>12:00 World News</p> <p>12:05 British Press Review</p> <p>12:15 World Today</p> <p>12:30 Financial News</p> <p>12:40 Look Ahead</p> <p>12:45 The Tony Myatt</p>

PHARMACIES

JEDDAH	RIYADH	MECCA	BAHA	ALMA	ALMA	ALMA	ALMA	ALMA	ALMA
<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>	<p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p> <p>Al-Nasr Pharmacy</p>

Believe It or Not!

WATER

WAS CARRIED FROM THE SEINE RIVER TO HOUSES IN PARIS, FRANCE, IN THE 1700s BY SOME 200,000 WATER CARRIERS

A LADY'S BONNET

IN THE SOUTH DURING THE CIVIL WAR COST AS MUCH AS \$250 -- SO RESOURCEFUL WOMEN CREATED THEIR OWN HEADGEAR FROM CORNHUSKS, PALMETTO LEAVES AND STRAW

RADIO PAKISTAN

THURSDAY	THURSDAY
<p>Morning</p> <p>Frequency: 1762, 1785, 2170 (KHZ)</p> <p>Wavelengths: 1696, 1681, 1385 (METERS)</p> <p>7:45 Religious Program</p> <p>8:00 News</p> <p>8:10 Instrumental Music</p> <p>8:15 Pakistan in Ours</p> <p>8:30 Commentary</p> <p>9:00 News</p> <p>9:23 Folk Music</p> <p>9:30 Pakistan's Progress Path</p>	<p>Evening</p> <p>Frequency: 1791, 2145, 2175 (KHZ)</p> <p>Wavelengths: 1674, 1396, 1377 (METERS)</p> <p>4:30 Religious Program</p> <p>4:40 Onwards (Devotional Music)</p> <p>5:15 Drama — "Young Ben Tashreef"</p> <p>5:45 Film Music</p> <p>6:00 News</p> <p>6:15 Press Review</p> <p>6:30 Commentary</p>

STAN SMITH'S TENNIS CLASS

HE STEADY BASELINE GAME

REQUIRES NOT ONLY CONSISTENT FOREHANDS AND BACKHANDS, BUT ALSO THE ABILITY TO MAINTAIN A GOOD COURT POSITION BETWEEN SHOTS.

AFTER EACH ROUND, RECOVER CENTER.

AFTER SERVING, HOP BACK BEHIND BASELINE — OTHERWISE A DEEP RETURN AT YOUR FEET PUTS YOU IN DEEP TROUBLE!

MARKETING DIRECTOR/ MIDEAST

Major international U.S. headquartered food corporation seeks experienced Marketing Director in Mideast. Position based in Bahrain, requires broad Mideast marketing experience. Strong preference for Branded and Commodity product experience. Candidate should be presently in Europe or Mideast. Most attractive compensation/benefits, foreign service allowance.

Send resumes to:

Mr. J. W. Bradshaw
2001 Kirby, No. 706
Houston, Texas 77019 U.S.A.

Or telex:

236531 BAIN-UR/Attn: Mr. Bradshaw

COMPANY COMPOUNDS

VILLAS OR APARTMENTS WITH SOCIAL & SPORTS FACILITIES BUILT TO YOUR SPECIFICATION FOR PURCHASE OR LEASE. TELEPHONE 6872214 - JEDDAH. THE BINLADIN ORGANIZATION

Your direct connection
for a
guaranteed room reservation
at the
Riyadh Inter-Continental Hotel
465 5111

People who mean business in Saudi Arabia
stay Inter-Continental

ALRASHED & AL OMRAN CO.

For all your needs of electrical materials

- STREET LIGHTING POLES
- STREET LIGHTING FITTINGS : MERCURY & SODIUM
- GARDEN LUMINAIRES
- ALL LIGHTING ACCESSORIES :
- SUBSTATION, FUSE BOXES SPARE PARTS ETC.
- TIME SWITCHES, PHOTO CELLS.

HEAD OFFICE

RIYADH (KHAZAN STREET)

Tel : 31440 P.O. Box - 2743 TELEX: 200205 - TELEGRAMME: ROMANCO

BRANCHES

DAMMAM - DHARAN STREET NEAR SAUDI FRENCH BANK

TELEPHONE: 26595 TELEX: 601427

ALKHUBAR - KING SAUD STREET TEL : 8649029 - TELEX 670040

FOR RENT

MURA BUSTAN COMPOUNDS

Two + three bedroom villas furnished or unfurnished with swimming pool - tennis court - squash court - play area - gardens video T.V. professional maintenance.

Contact Mr. GUY BURGESS: 6826096 - 6824539, Jeddah

FOR SALE
500 KVA TRANSFORMER
(FOR OUTDOOR USE)

- PRIMARY VOLTAGE 13.8 KV
- SECONDARY VOLTAGE 120/208 V
- BUS CONNECTED DISTRIBUTION PANEL
- WITH 6 BREAKERS 250 AMPS AND 1
- 1600 AMP MAIN SWITCH

Contact Tel: 6604595, Jeddah.

RAYTHEON MIDDLE EAST
SYSTEMS CO.

NEEDS AUTOMOTIVE MECHANICS

- 1- AUTO ELECTRICIAN
- 2- FRONT END ALIGNMENT SPECIALIST
- 3- AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SPECIALIST

Raytheon Middle East Systems Co. has an immediate need of the above mentioned Automotive Mechanics. Applicants must have at least two years experience. You must be a Saudi national or possess a transferable Iqama. Raytheon offers a comprehensive benefits package.

If interested, please write:

Personnel Department
RAYMES
P.O. Box: 1348, Jeddah - Saudi Arabia
Telephone: 6650485 Ext. 311

FOR SALE

DESALINATION PLANT
PRODUCTION 200 TONS/DAY

DESALINATION PLANT
PRODUCTION 100 TONS/DAY

CONTACT: TEL: NO. 6448812 - 6447812 EXT. 181

A LEADING SAUDI ARABIAN COMPANY IS SEEKING
TELECOMMUNICATIONS SALESMEN

- 2 - 3 YEARS TECHNICAL SALES EXPERIENCE MINIMUM
- COMPREHENSIVE ENGLISH AND ARABIC ESSENTIAL
- AGGRESSIVE AND HIGHLY MOTIVATED
- GENEROUS COMPENSATION PLUS COMMISSION
- POSITIONS IN JEDDAH, RIYADH, AND DAMMAM

SEND RESUME FOR INTERVIEW APPOINTMENT TO:

SALES MANAGER, P.O. BOX 6948, JEDDAH
SALES MANAGER, P.O. BOX 4745, RIYADH
SALES MANAGER, P.O. BOX 4178, DAMMAM

TECHNICAL ASSISTANT
TO GENERAL MANAGER,
RIYADH.

EUROPEAN JOINT-VENTURE COMPANY, EXECUTING SUBSTANTIAL CONTRACTS IN THE INTERIOR OF THE KINGDOM IS URGENTLY LOOKING FOR A TECHNICAL ASSISTANT TO THE GENERAL MANAGER.

THE FOLLOWING QUALIFICATIONS ARE ESSENTIAL:

- FIRST CLASS DEGREE IN ENGINEERING
- OR ARCHITECTURE
- 5 TO 10 YEARS OVERSEAS BUILDING CONSTRUCTION EXPERIENCE
- ADDITIONAL EXPERIENCE IN ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING FIELDS: PROCUREMENT, PLANNING AND GOVERNMENT RELATIONS.

- BACHELOR STATUS PREFERRED, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL.
- SALARY NEGOTIABLE.
- TRANSFERABLE IQAMA PREFERABLE.

PLEASE SEND FULL RESUME WITH SALARY AMBITIONS TO THE GENERAL MANAGER, REFERENCE "T.A. - G.M."

P.O. BOX 5092
RIYADH, SAUDI ARABIA.

VAN SALESMEN
WANTED

We want experienced Van Salesmen NOW!

They must have:

- (1) Valid Saudi Arabian Driving License for Van/Lorry.
- (2) 2-3 years experience in selling fast moving consumer products or soft drinks (preferably in Eastern Region).
- (3) Transferable Iqama,
- (4) The personality and enthusiasm to run their own territory and produce results.

If you can meet our challenge, we will reward you well.

Pl. Send full personal details, listing qualifications and experience plus a passport photograph to:-

Group Marketing Manager,
P.O. Box 990,
DAMMAM, Saudi Arabia.

RAYTHEON MIDDLE
EAST SYSTEMS CO.
NEEDS

GRAPHIC ARTISTS

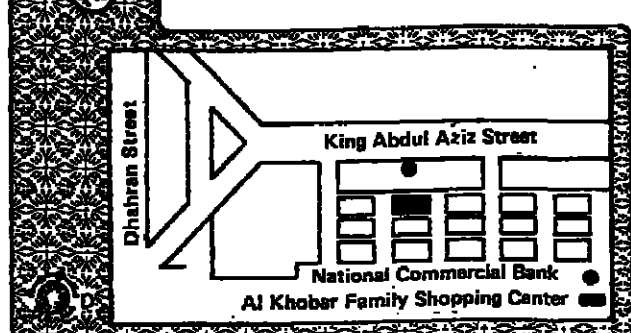
Raytheon Middle East Systems Co. requires Graphic Artists. Applicants should have a good knowledge of English and a minimum of two years experience in Arabic Calligraphy and Graphic Arts. You should be a Saudi national or have a transferable Iqama.

If interested, please contact:-

Personnel Department
RAYMES
P.O. Box: 1348, Jeddah - S.A.
Telephone: 6650485 Ext. 311.

DO YOU KNOW ?

THAT YOU COULD SAVE MORE THAN
SR. 20.00 FOR EACH SR. 100/- PURCHASE
OF ITEMS?



Al-Khobar Family Shopping Center

A Two Storey Department Store

Tel: 8646364, Al Khobar- Thamer St. & 5th. Behind Babbtain and National Commercial Bank, located on King Abdul Aziz Road



TAYEB TRAVEL AGENCY

is organizing GROUP TOURISTIC TRAVEL TO GREECE, the land of beauty, for 15 days (from 9th October, 1980 to 23rd October, 1980) with total cost of SR3,250 (U.S. \$1,027) only including Travel, Residence & Breakfast and visiting neighbouring islands.

Participants will be allowed 8 days free for personal touring and enjoyment.

For further information please contact:-
TAYEB TRAVEL AGENCY

Palestine Square, in front of Harithy Building
Telephone 6692854 - 6675799 - Jeddah.

RIYADH CHINESE RESTAURANT

airport road opposite ministry
of defence & aviation
behind saudi arabia
monetary agency
TEL: 4761056 RIYADH

Skilled Labour
Problems?

We are a leading British Recruitment Agency fully experienced in supplying all grades of U.K. personnel to the following industries:-

- * Petro-Chemical
- * Power Distribution
- * Building & Civil
- * Computer
- * Medical

Whether your need is for a Managing Director or an entire work force, our professionally qualified consultants are close at hand, just telex us on 8951614 (TMR. I) or write to the Commercial Director for further details on our services.



TECHNICAL MANPOWER RESOURCES

Isabel House 46 Victoria Road Surbiton Surrey KT6 4JL
Telephone No. 01 390 4594

WANTED
URGENTLY

- 1- FRONT-END CASHIER
- 2- SALESMEN-GONDOLIERS

- Confirmed, experienced in their own field.
- Speaking fluently Arabic and English.
- Having valid visa and transferable "Iqama".

CALL 6672975 FOR APPOINTMENT

KING OF WATERPROOF WATCHES

729-4843
4-101

General Agents for Saudi Arabia
Jeddah: Kahraman, Commercial Center, King Abdulaziz Street,
P.O. Box 738, Tel. 28227, 28228, Telex 401623
Riyadh: Kahraman, King Faisal Street, Alaziziah Bldg., Tel. 28229
Eastern provinces (Dahran, Dammam, Al-Khobar, etc.):
Badoghaish Store, Salim Ali Badoghaish, Prince Khaled Street,
P.O. Box 65, Al-Khobar, Tel. 41118

RAYTHEON MIDDLE
EAST SYSTEMS CO.

IMMEDIATE REQUIREMENT

FOR SECRETARIES

Raytheon Middle East Systems Co. has an urgent need for qualified secretaries. Applicants should be fluent in English and be able to handle all aspects of business communications. You should be a Saudi National or have a transferable Iqama.

If interested, please contact:-

Personnel Department
RAYMES
P.O. Box: 1348, Jeddah - Saudi Arabia
Telephone: 6650485 Ext. 311.

كوت موديا .. واشترى بضاعة مودية



ASHEMIMRY
TRADING, CONTRACTING & INDUSTRY
Jeddah, Tel: 57850-57256 Telex: 401414 ATC SJ

أول صحيفة سعودية دورية تصدر باللغة الإنجليزية
عرب نيوز
الناشر: الشركة السعودية للأبحاث والتسويق

TO SUBSCRIBERS

So we may provide better service
arab news saudi business
Welcome Reader comments or complaints.
Please Call: 6534239 Jeddah

PAGE 16

International

الخميس ٢٣ ذو القعدة ١٤٠٠ هـ

A Tale of Two Cities

Iraq capital's pride hurt by enemy bombs

BAGHDAD, Oct. 1 (R) — The Tigris River winds broad and lazy through central Baghdad. Palm trees rise like dusts above ramshackle houses, and bright red double-decker buses and orange and white taxis honk and sputter through the narrow streets.

Suddenly the undulating scream of an air raid siren jolts the autumn morning. Cars swerve into side streets and pedestrians crowd in doorways or basements. Patrols in cafes leave their tables and hurry into air-aid shelters as youths in camouflage suits from the civil defense "people's army" police the streets.

Three Iranian Phantom jets screech low over the city to the bursts of anti-aircraft fire from ground defenses. They home in on an oil-fueled power station in south Baghdad's Doura suburb.

A ball of flame leaps into the clouded sky as the Iranian jets dip their wings in triumph. Dozens of people are burned as two fuel storage tanks ignite. Eleven of them die, according to hospital sources. Two of them are children. Over Baghdad a huge plume of black smoke leaves a towering reminder that the capital is in the front-line of the 10-day-old war against Iran.

Tuesday's strike, also aimed against a small experimental nuclear reactor in the north of Baghdad, left many Iraqis in the capital stunned. It was the first visible sign that the Iraqis could strike back against Iraq with dramatic impact and was the more of a shock as it came after many Iraqis believed they had their neighbors beaten.

Until Tuesday, the air raids had been treated as something approaching a game by locals and many of them would rush to their balconies to watch the air battle as the Iranian jets swooped in at treetop height. The attacks are spectacular at night when the flash of anti-aircraft fire and the glow of tracer bullets lights up the sky over the capital in a deafening firework display.

Sirens, yells fill Tehran's wartime nights

TEHRAN, Oct. 1 (R) — More than a week after hostilities with Iraq began the Iranian capital appears almost normal during hours of daylight, but becomes a strange and frightening place after night-fall.

An atmosphere of "phony war" pervades the city in the day with shops and street stalls busy trading, although running short of some goods. The most noticeable effect of the war is the reduction of traffic because gasoline is now largely limited to group taxis, commercial vehicles and buses. Together these vehicles still manage to constitute a greater hazard for pedestrians than Iraqi MIG fighters.

The atmosphere changes abruptly around six o'clock in the evening as darkness slips over the city. The population hurries home, leaving the streets almost empty. Then the still unfamiliar blackout

routine begins.

Tehran's citizens are gradually becoming accustomed to the blackout, even though it continues to cause confusion particularly with the warning of an air raid.

Old disputes in the capital's alleys flare as neighbors threaten to denounce each other to the authorities. The bickering reaches its height after the radio suddenly broadcasts the wail of air-raid sirens, sparking uproar with men shouting, women screaming and children crying.

Five alerts announced in as many days passed without, as far as known, a single bomb having been dropped on Tehran or any conclusive sighting of an enemy plane.

The heavy crump of anti-aircraft guns is interspersed with the sharp crack of small arms fire, apparently from over-enthusiastic amateurs, when an alert is over the radio pleads with citizens not to shoot to incoming friendly aircraft.

Later in the evening, the streets become even darker and more deserted. Tehran looks as if it has been abandoned. The occasional figure roaming about or sitting in a doorway gives the city an even eerier atmosphere. The midnight stroller risks being arrested by revolutionary guards.

Kabul boys forced to join army

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1 (AP) — Some 1,200 Afghan students have been forcibly taken from high school classrooms in recent days and inducted into the military, according to a reliable source in Kabul.

About a third of the students dragged off for 15 months service in the defection-riddled Afghan army came from the huge Habibiya High School in Kabul, said the source, who asked not to be identified. Thousands of Habibiya students shouted anti-regime slogans as their classmates were conscripted from the school, the source said. The slogans included: "Death to Brezhnev," "Death to Barbrak Karmal, the servant of the Russians," and "Death to Carter, who is trading Afghanistan to the Soviet Union."

Spurred by the shouting, police entered Habibiya and arrested a number of students, the source said. He added that the scene was replayed at a number of other schools in the capital. The students selected for army service were loaded on buses, but some escaped before they could be taken away, the source added.

Last week, Education Minister Anahita Ratibzad reportedly ordered that males aged 20 and older and fit for service should be given military instruction, and that their grades in that be considered their high school final examination.

About 3,000 potential draftees were said to be boycotting classes to avoid conscription until the Oct. 7 deadline for starting the military instruction passes.

The Afghan army, once about 85,000 strong, is estimated by Western experts to have dwindled to about 35,000 men, mostly through defections to the anti-Marxist insurgents who control most of the rugged countryside.

In another development, Soviet MIGs and helicopter gunships were reported to have bombed 13 villages in Ghazni province for four days late last week in an effort to cut the insurgents' supply lines, the source said.

Most of the villagers in the area fled to safety with their belongings and livestock before the bombardments began, and reports from Kabul say the civilian casualties have been light, the source said.

The same villages were raked by Soviet firepower about two months ago in a futile attempt to sever the insurgents' supply lines. More planes and helicopters are being employed in the current campaign, the source said.

The Muslim tribesmen are battling the Marxist regime in Kabul, which was installed late last December when the Soviet Union sent tens of thousands of troops into its neighbor to the south. An estimated 85,000 Soviet troops still remain in Afghanistan.

Also, the looting of homes of wealthy Kabul merchants by activists of the ruling Peoples' Democratic Party of Afghanistan is continuing, the source said.

BBC film confiscated by Zimbabwe police

SALISBURY, Oct. 1 (AFP) — Film taken by a British Broadcasting Corporation television team is being processed here to see if Manpower Minister Edgar Tekere has violated bail conditions allowing him to remain free ahead of his trial on charges of murdering a white farmer.

Police have confirmed that they arrested the five-man BBC television team Tuesday night under emergency powers regulations. They have refused to give the reasons.

Official sources however said the television team had seen Tekere at the farm where he and seven body guards are alleged to have murdered 68-year-old William Adams in August.

One of Tekere's bail conditions is that he must not discuss the case with the press. Emmerson Mnangagwa, minister of state in the prime minister's office, has guaranteed Tekere's bail bond of \$78,000.

The five were helping police in their inquiries into a contravention of the emergency powers, authorities said.

Concert halls dark as U.S. musicians strike

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (AP) — For many American classical music aficionados, 1980-81 may be remembered as the season the music stopped.

Musicians who say they are tired of suffering for their art are trading their violins for picket signs as labor disputes in several cities have forced cancellation of some orchestra and opera performances and threaten others.

Un-harmonious tremors in contract negotiations this week caused New York's Met-

ropolitan Opera to call off its entire season and an eight-week national tour next spring, and bargaining impasses have canceled performances this year in Kansas City, Denver and Phoenix.

Federal mediator Wayne Horvitz said negotiators were literally weeping when it became apparent the impasse over musicians' demands for a four-performance work week would lead the Met to cancel the season.

Beside the common theme of more money,

most of the disputes center on musicians' desires for fewer work days a week, longer seasons, more musicians, personnel policies and a voice in artistic decisions.

There is a wide range in the money disputes. Musicians at the Met made at least \$525 a week for a 44-week season last year, while the players in New Jersey, who are threatening a strike, earned \$9,920 total for a 31-week season. In Kansas City, musicians were seeking \$12,950 a year for a 32-week season.

In Colorado, Governor Richard Lamm has entered negotiations to end a strike which has forced cancellation of the first month of the Denver Symphony Orchestra season. Lamm, who helped end a comparable deadlock in 1977, said, "Three years ago, it was long and hard, but we finished with the victory march from 'Aida.' I'm afraid this time we're going to finish with 'The Unfinished Symphony.'"

David Kent, general manager of the Kansas City Philharmonic Association, said a two-week-old strike by the Kansas City Federation of Musicians has forced cancellation of several concerts.

"If a lot of things don't happen quickly and dramatically, there will be a lot of real serious problems involved in getting this orchestra together," he said. "For our orchestra to be down for a year and regroup, there would be some real rebirth pains."

In Phoenix, the first two weeks of rehearsals and performance were canceled, and the musicians have set an Oct. 12 strike deadline.

The musicians in the New Jersey symphony, who have gone on strike in each of the past two years, are threatening to do it again, although management says there are no plans to cancel performances.

From page one

Reporters traveling 4½ hours by jeep northward across the parched, dusty plain joined the main road connecting Ahwaz and Khorramshahr about 25 miles south of Ahwaz.

About 10 miles farther north, they were forced to halt when two Iranian Phantom jets streaked across the road, blasting an Iraqi army truck and a nearby ammunition or fuel depot, setting off a series of explosions.

It was not possible to approach the main battle area to assess the magnitude of the resistance, but Iraqi officers near the forward area said they were fighting Iranian defenders six miles south of the city, indicating that the main line of the Iraqi advance had not yet entered Ahwaz.

Outside the cities, however, the Iraqis have been able to roll into vast areas of southwestern Iran, seizing hundreds of square miles of territory, almost all of it flat, scorched land of powdery dust sustaining only the meaneast of desert shrubs.

Twelve miles inside Iran stood the remains of Ghazala, a longely deserted outpost that fell to the Iraqis on the first day of fighting. Resembling a miniature medieval castle, the four round towers of the Ghazala post were pockmarked with bullet holes. The rooms inside were burned out. Outside, a tattered volleyball net swung limply in the breeze.

Vast stretches of empty desert are broken only by occasional Iraqi rear supply areas. Camouflaged supply trucks and water and fuel tankers huddle in groups of 50 or more vehicles. During the trip north, the reporters saw perhaps 150 or more military vehicles.

In Paris, the French Atomic Energy Commission Wednesday said it was ordering the evacuation of most of its personnel from the Iraqi nuclear research project at Tammuz which was bombed. A spokesman for the commission, which oversees the project, told reporters only a handful of volunteers would remain behind to keep an eye on installations.

About 70 French engineers and technicians were still working at Tammuz until Tuesday following evacuation non-essential personnel and families from Iraq last week.



Ronald Reagan

Reagan says he'd scrap SALT treaty

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (AP) — Republican Ronald Reagan says that as president he would scrap the strategic arms limitation treaty without allowing Senate vote on it, then toughen the U.S. negotiating stance and seek new weapons talks with the Soviet Union.

He said he would strengthen American military forces to put more pressure on Moscow by raising "the possibility of an arms race." The SALT II treaty negotiated and signed by President Jimmy Carter is "fatally flawed" and "it isn't arms limitation," Reagan said. The purpose of an arms accord with Russia, the Republican presidential candidate said, is to insure that "neither one of us can threaten the other." He insisted Carter's treaty doesn't meet the test.

Reagan said he would withdraw the treaty that has been awaiting Senate approval for more than 14 months. SALT II faced an uncertain vote in the Senate before Carter asked the decision be withheld because of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Reagan said a New U.S. arms buildup would put pressure on the Russians to strike an acceptable bargain on SALT.

"The one card that's been missing in these negotiations has been the possibility of an arms race," Reagan said. "Now, the Soviets have been racing, but with no competition. They (the Soviets) will be far more inclined to negotiate in good faith if they know that the United States is engaged in building up its military."

Reagan dealt cautiously with most other issues. On the war between Iran and Iraq for example, he deferred detailed comment until he's had an administration briefing on the situation and has "access to more facts than I have now."

In any event, he said, it is irrelevant to discuss use of U.S. forces to keep the Gulf open because "we really don't have the facility to do very much."

Reagan again accused Carter of ducking campaign debate — noting he's debated six times this year and Carter not once — and he said he suspects the American hostages in Iran may be freed before the Nov. 4 election in an "October surprise designed" to blunt his campaign.

Reagan made his sharpest comments in blasting Carter's SALT II treaty. He said flatly and firmly that he would withdraw the treaty from the Senate. It would take a two-thirds Senate vote to approve it.

Carter had urged ratification as a matter of common sense for the United States.

In asking the delay, Carter said he was not withdrawing the treaty from Senate consideration. Asked if he would do so, Reagan said: "Yes. But at the same time I did I would make it plain that I was prepared to sit down with the Russians for as long as it might take to negotiate a legitimate arms limitation agreement."

Warsaw lashes out at trade unions

WARSAW, Oct. 1 (R) — The Polish government has counter-attacked the new independent trade unions, accusing them of breaking the accords which ended a wave of strikes this summer.

In a tough televised speech, Deputy Premier Kazimierz Barcikowski Tuesday night accused the new unions of violating their agreements by not notifying it of a strike called for Friday and by not saving the strike weapon as a last resort.

The independent trade unions movement solidarity claims that agreed pay raises were not paid by the Sept. 30 deadline, and set a one-hour warning strike for Friday over this and charges that the government is trying to muzzle the movement. Solidarity leader Lech Walesa predicted on Monday that the government would reassure the unions on these issues, thus averting the strike.

Instead, the government reposted through

Barcikowski that it wondered whether the independent unions were really interested in the economy returning to normal, or were they striving to maintain social tension and push Poland into chaos.

He pledged that the government would honor the agreements in full. Though not mentioning Tuesday's deadline, he said there had been some delays at small workplaces due to inefficiencies in negotiations.

The speech represents the government's firmest response to increasing pressure from the independent labor movement and coincided with an announcement that an off-postponed meeting of the Communist Party central committee will be held on Saturday.

It has been rescheduled at least three times because of divisions in the leadership on how to cope with the new unions, which control quarter of the Polish work force, party sources said.

**JAMJOOM
HOTEL
JEDDAH**

**OPENING FIRST
WEEK OF OCTOBER**

A NEW HOTEL
NEAR JEDDAH TOWERS HOUSING PROJECT
SHARAFIAH AND AIRPORT TERMINAL

Spacious, Fully Carpeted, Tastefully
Furnished and Air Conditioned Rooms
with Adjoining Hot/Cold Shower/Baths

Lifts to all Floors Reasonable Charges

ENQUIRIES FOR HAJ BOOKINGS FROM HAJ MISSIONS
AND EMBASSIES WELCOMED

FOR RESERVATIONS

PLEASE PHONE 642-9217 10 A.M. - 2 P.M.
644-1675 and
642-3750 7 P.M. - 10 P.M.

Good Morning

By Jibad Khazen

* No sooner had I put pen to paper on the matter of violence in sport than a confirming instance fell right into my lap. This was in the middle weight boxing championship between the British champion Alan Minter and challenger Marvin Hagler from America. The challenger won after a short and gory fight, but it wasn't as bloody as the reaction of the (British) spectators, who rained empty beer cans and bottles onto the arena, putting the boxers and the ref in more danger than they were already in. The violence around sport is such in Britain that those who seek safety are advised to confine their arguments to political matters. Politics here is peace itself. It's sport that is dangerous.

* In Tunis airport the other day I overheard the young lady working in the duty-free shop complaining to a customer bitterly about the change tourism is causing in the country. "Imagine," she said, "we Tunisian girls can no longer find husbands. All the local boys are running after those female tourists from abroad." She then left the customer who, most unkindly, remarked that the young lady was no picture, and that it will take more than stopping tourism to find her a husband.

* The guest asked the young son of his host whether he was in the upper top half of his class. To which the kid answered proudly, "No, I am from that half which makes the top half possible."

* He argued with his wife, using the English phrase — a fool and his money are soon parted. "I know this," she said. "But the real question is how the fool came by the money in the first place."

* I heard two British and two French radio stations reporting the tragic bombing in Munich, West Germany, where many were killed and injured. It is almost certain that a neo-Nazi group, German one, is responsible. But in each of the four reports commentators found a way to bring in a mention of "Arab terrorism." As if our reputation in the West needs tarnishing...

Translated from Ashraf Al Awad

Gold jumps \$8; low interest rates drive dollar down

LONDON, Oct. 1 (AP) — The dollar dipped against all key currencies Wednesday but held steady against the strong British pound. The price of gold moved up again after Tuesday's sharp drop.

Currency dealers reported that a drop in short-term U.S. interest rates and a 0.25 percent cut in the Eurodollar interest rates were behind the dollar's dip. Profit-taking and "large" buying of the Japanese yen were also cited as factors. In Tokyo, where the business day ends before Europe's begins, the dollar hit an 18-month low following improvements in Japan's economy and a growing belief the yen will remain strong. The dollar closed at 209.20 yen, down from Tuesday's 212.20 yen.

In London, the dollar remained unchanged at \$2.3870 to the pound.

The price of gold opened in London at \$678.50 an ounce up from Tuesday's close of \$670. The price was later "fixed" at the recommended level of trading — by London's five main bullion dealer at \$679.25.

In Zurich, gold opened at \$680.50 13 dollars up on Tuesday's close.

Kidnap victims safe

CASOLE D'ELSA, Italy, Oct. 1 (R) — Three West German children kidnapped near Florence more than two months ago were found Wednesday morning in an abandoned cottage near this Tuscan village and police said they were physically in good condition.

The parents of Susanne Kronzucker, 15, her sister Sabine, 13, and of their cousin Martin Wachter, 15, were waiting at the holiday house from which the children were abducted on July 25.

**Display Sale of
Oriental Carpets & Rugs
PERSIAN, TURKISH, CHINESE,
PAKISTANI, KASHMIR & TRIBAL**

To be held at
Al Gosaibi Metropolitan Hotel - Al-Khobar

From Wednesday 1st to Sunday 12th Oct. '80

Time 11a.m. to 10 p.m.

Welcome all

Sponsored by Al Gosaibi Foundation
Documentary Film on Oriental Rugs
to be shown daily.

مكذات لاصل